VB BRAKE VALVES

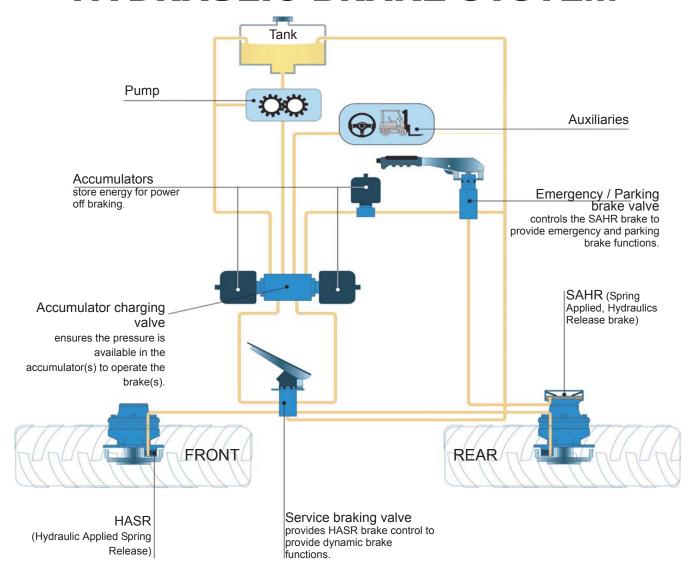


TECHNICAL CATALOG

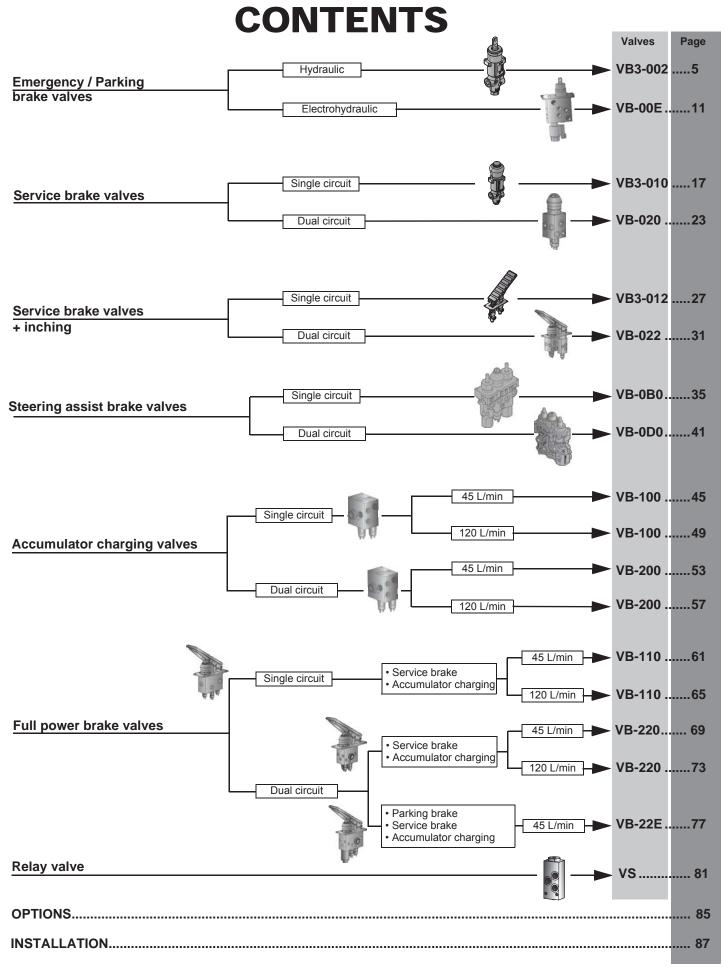


VB Brake valves POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM



POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB Brake Valves



VB3-002 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Methodology:

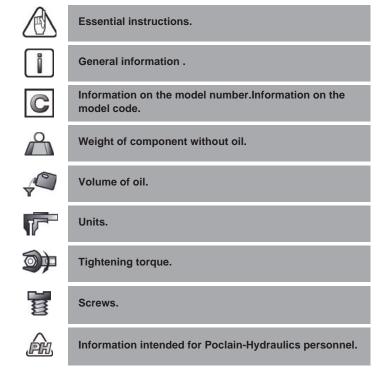
This document is intended for manufacturers of machines that incorporate Poclain Hydraulics products. It describes the technical characteristics of Poclain Hydraulics products and specifies installation conditions that will ensure optimum operation.

This document includes important comments concerning safety. They are indicated in the following way:



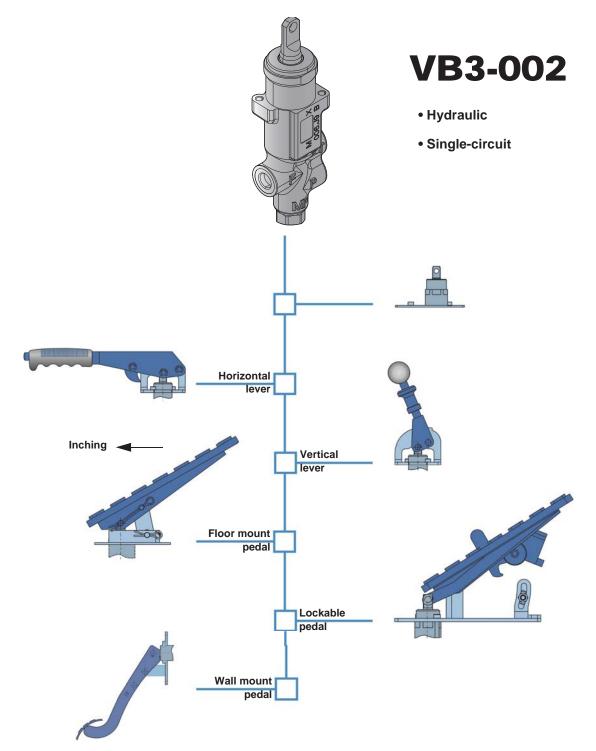
Safety comment.

This document also includes essential operating instructions for the product and general information. These are indicated in the following way:



The views in this document are created using metric standards. The dimensional data is given in mm and in inches (inches are between brackets and italic)





Applications

The VB3-002 reverse modulator is a mechanically-controlled, three-way, graduated release pressure reducing valve.

The VB3-002 valve is used for the precision dosing of the output pressure (at F) proportionally to the control stroke. It is controlled via a lever or pedal. The lever is usually used to control the parking brake (spring applied hydraulic release brake). The pedal is usually used for inching control.

Operation

When the control is idle, the output pressure (at F) is limited to the preset pressure of the valve, irrespective of the supply pressure. When the lever or pedal is activated, the output pressure (at F) falls in proportion to the angular position of the control.

•Lever control:

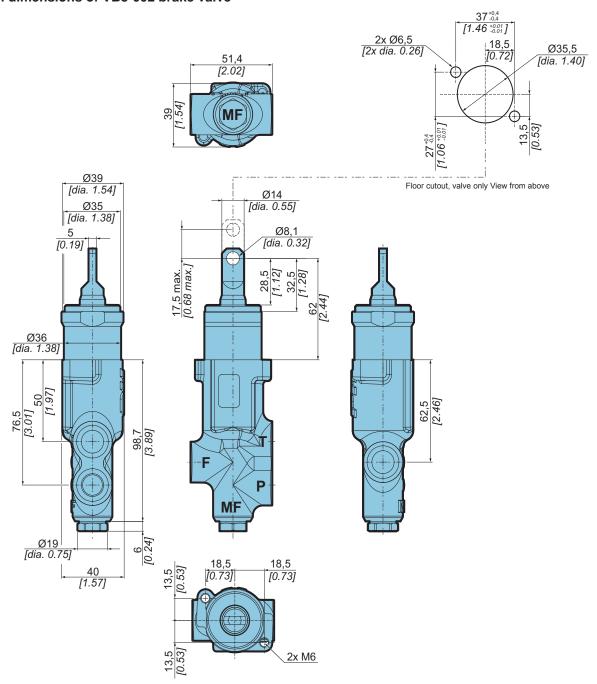
When the lever is in its maximum position (locked), the output pressure (at F) is zero. The control lever can be unlocked using the pushbutton (horizontal lever) or the collar (vertical lever).

•Pedal control:

When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressure (at F) is zero.

 VB3-002 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Overall dimensions of VB3-002 brake valve



Connections

	Max. pressure bar <i>[PSI]</i>	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
Р	250 <i>[3 6</i> 26]	M14 x 1.5	Input	
F	See parking brake pressure, page 9	or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Output	
Т	1 [14,5]	or G 1/4"	Tank	0,9 [1.98]
MF*		M10 x 1	Parking brake pressure switch	

^{* :} Option

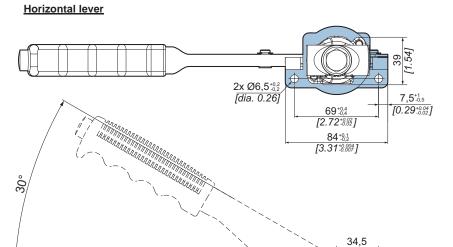
POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB3-002

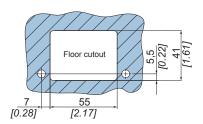
[1.36]

32,5

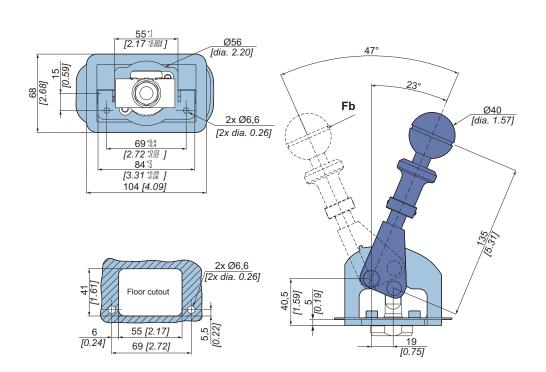
40,5

Mechanical controls with standard valve orientation



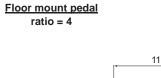


Vertical lever

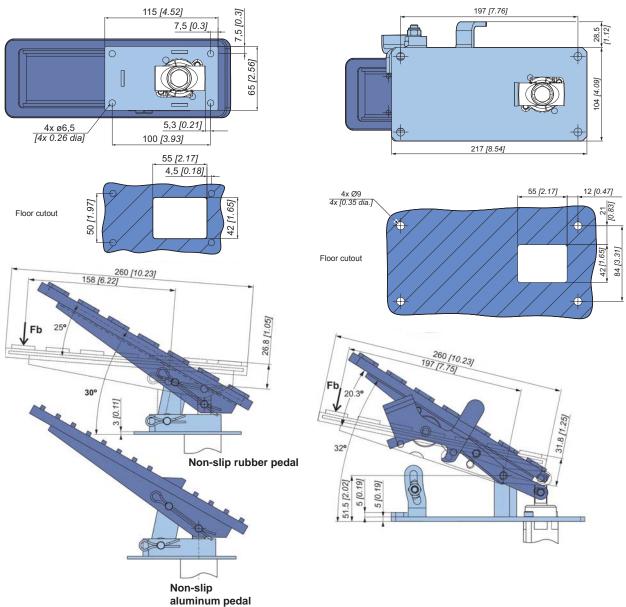


Emergency / Parking brake

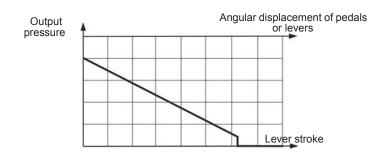
VB3-002 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

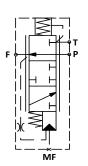


Lockable pedal ratio = 4.5



Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve





Estimated maximum actuator forces

• Max. traction on T-rod for valve only : Fa ≈1 030 N [299 lbf]

Floor mount pedal
 Lockable pedal
 Horizontal lever
 Fb ≈Fa/8
 Vertical lever
 Fb ≈Fa/7



To calculate the actuator forces for your mechanical control: please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

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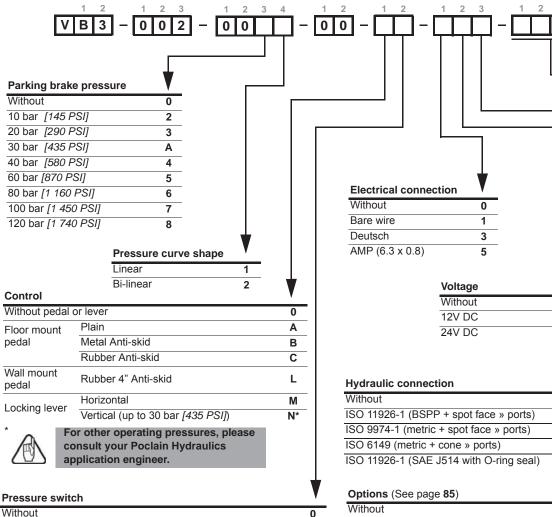
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Α

Model Code



On MF (Parking)

Limitations	
Pressure rise	< 1 bar <i>[14.5 PSI]</i> / ms
	min. 100 mA to assure contact
Current	max. 4 A for Resistor load
	max. 2,5 A for Inductive load
Voltage	max. 42 V

,	
Without	0
Special setting or flow	1
Specific port*	2
Non-standard component*	3
Mechanical control adapter*	4
Pressure sensor	8
Circuit Pressurization*	В
Lever with rubber protection	Н
Customized name plate	Р
* Diagon ank up	

^{*} Please ask us

Emergency Parking brak

Service

ervice brake + inching

Steering assist brake

Accumulato charging

Full power

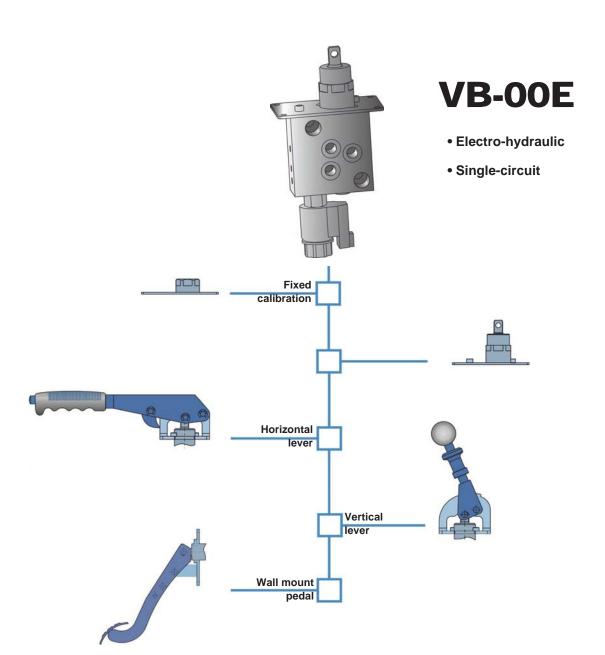
Relay Valve

Options

Installation

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VB3-002 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS



Applications

The VB-00E is a reverse modulating electrically or electrically/manually operated brake valve for Spring Applied Hydraulically Released (SAHR) brake. The VB-00E brake valve is a 3-way / 2position electro-valve and includes a pressure reducing valve as well as a selector.

Operation

When the valve is not operated, the output pressure (X) is limited to the preset max pressure of the valve independently from the input pressure.

The VB-00E has two principles of operation:

1. Electric actuation

VB-00E has a fixed output pressure preset by the pressure reducing valve. When the VB-00E is not actuated (understand the electric control = 0) the output (X) is directly connected to the tank (T) and provide a pressure equal to zero. The SAHR brake is applied. When the VB-00E is electrically actuated (electric control =1) the output (X) is connected to the output of the pressure reducing valve: the VB-00E provides the preset fixed pressure. The SAHR brake is released.

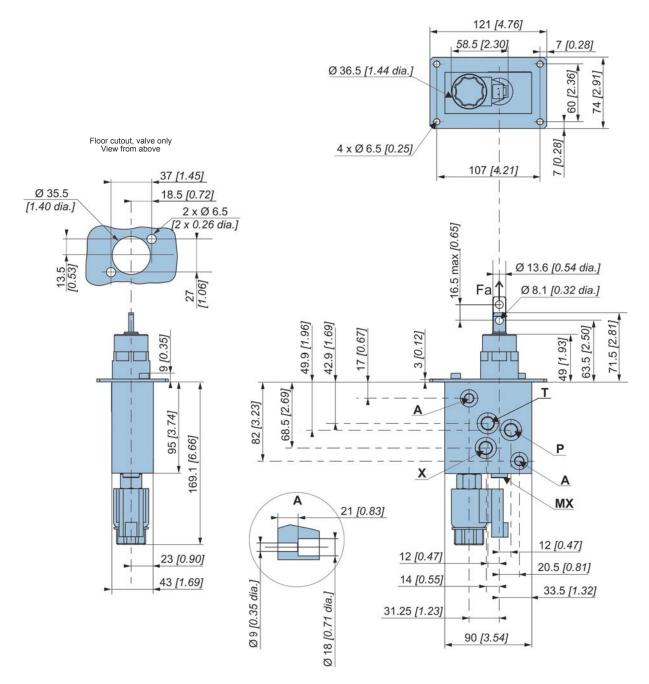
2. Electric with mechanical actuation

In this configuration, the pressure reducing valve provides an output pressure proportional to the mechanical command position. When the VB-00E is not actuated (understand the electric control = 0) the output (X) is directly connected to the tank (T) and provide a pressure equal to 0. The SAHR brake is applied. When the VB-00E is electrically actuated (electric control =1) the output (X) is connected to the output of the pressure reducing valve. Therefore, the VB-00E supplies a precise output pressure inversely proportional to the mechanical command stroke: the output pressure (X) decreases from a max preset pressure (control released, brake released) to 0 (control actuated, brake applied).

Valve Relay

VB-00E POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

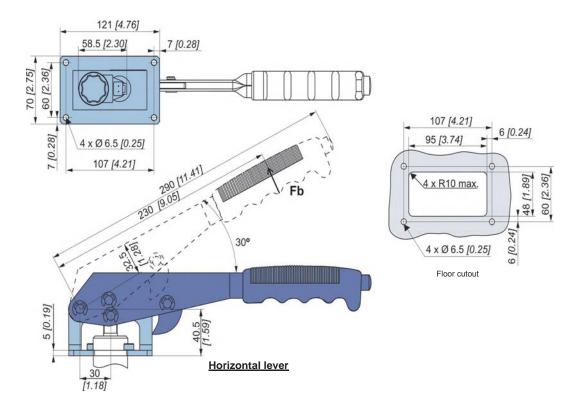
Overall dimensions of VB-00E brake valve

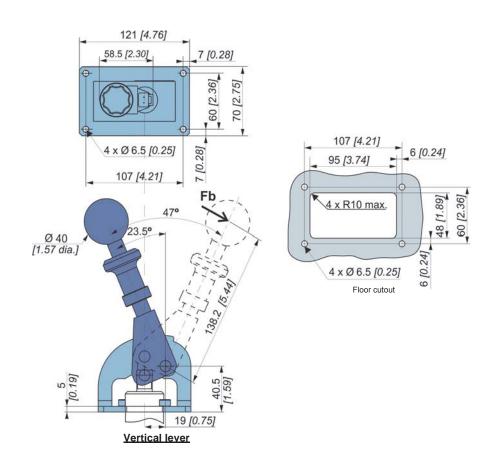


Connections

	Max. pressure bar <i>[PSI]</i>	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
Р	210 <i>[3 046</i>]	M14 x 1.5	Input	
Х	See parking brake pressure page 15	or	Output	
Т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>	9/16 - 18 UNF	Tank	3 [6.61]
MX*		M12 x 1.5	Parking brake pressure switch	
* : Option				

Mechanical controls with standard valve orientation





Emergency / Parking brake

VB-00E

Service

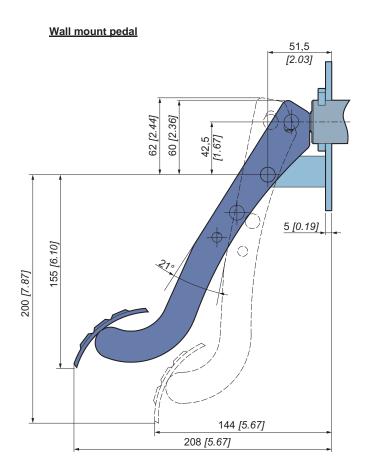
Service brake + inching

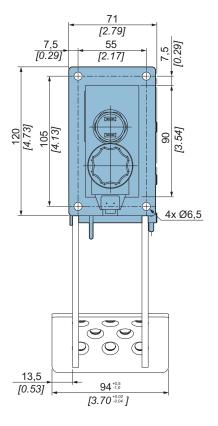
Steering assist brake

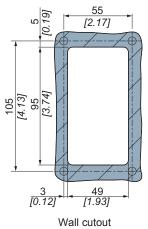
Accumulator charging

Full power

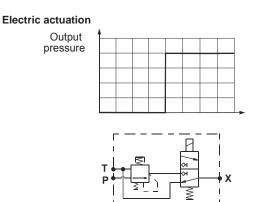
VB-00E POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

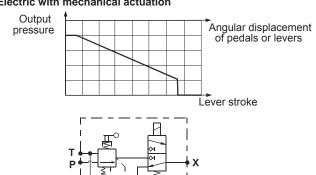






Electric with mechanical actuation





Estimated maximum actuator forces

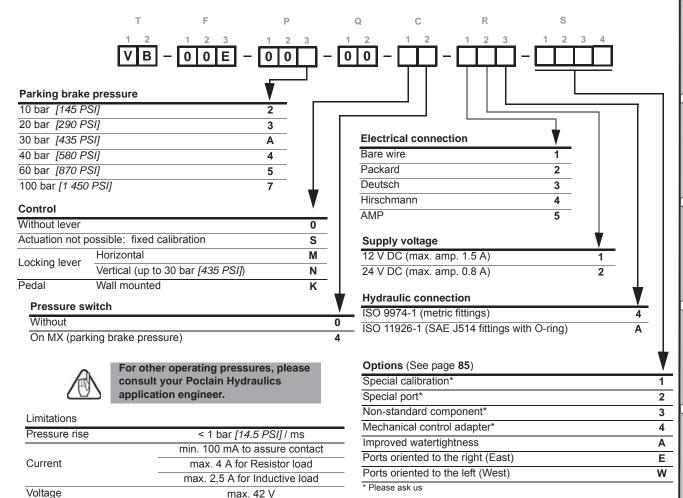
- · Max. traction on T-rod for valve only
- Standard pedal
- Lockable pedal
- · Horizontal lever
- Vertical lever

- :Fa≈1 030 N [299 lbf]
- :Fb≈Fa/5
- :Fb≈Fa/5
- :Fb≈Fa/8
- ∶Fb ≈Fa/7



To calculate the actuator forces for your mechanical control: please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Model code



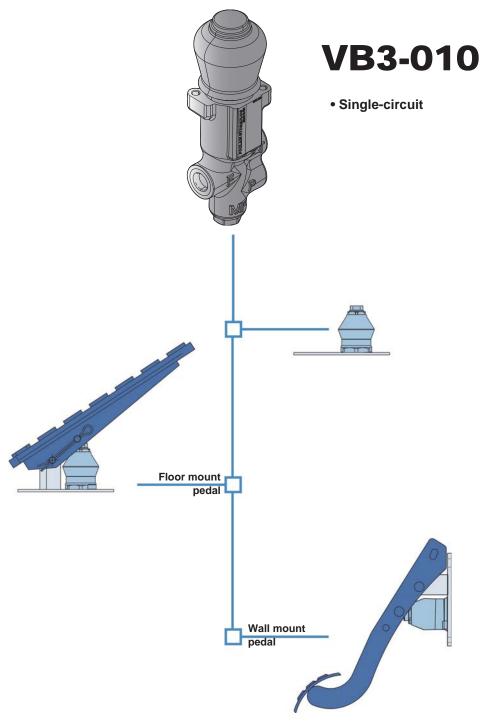
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Emergency / Parking brake

Service

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Steering assist brake VB-00E POCLAIN HYDRAULICS



Applications

The VB3-010 modulating brake valve is a

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The VB3-010 valve is used for the precision dosing of the output pressure (at F) proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal, and therefore to the force applied to the pedal. This provides the feeling of braking.

In a braking circuit, VB3-010 is usually associated with the

In a braking circuit, VB3-010 is usually associated with the VB-100 single-circuit accumulator charging valve (or a VB-200 dual-circuit accumulator charging valve if the VB3-010 is also associated with a VB3-002 emergency / parking brake valve).

Operation

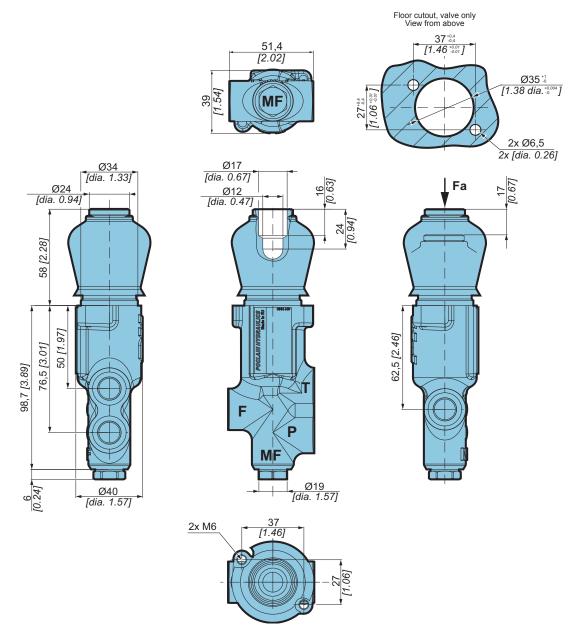
When the pedal is at rest ('up' position), the output pressure (at F) is zero and the brake receptors are connected to the tank (F to T).

When the pedal is depressed, the output pressure (at F) increases proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal. When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressure (at F) is limited to the preset pressure of the valve irrespective of the supply pressure.

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VB3-010 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Overall dimensions of VB3-010 brake valve



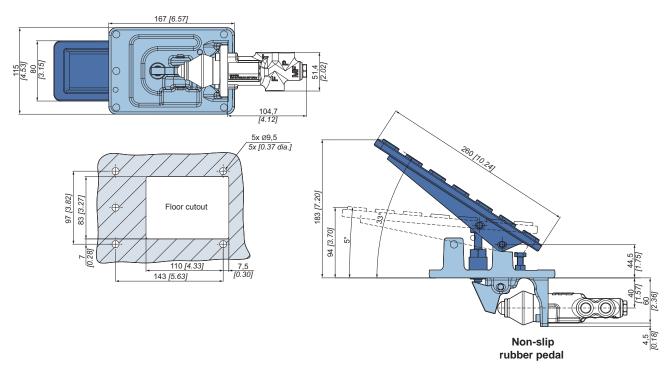
Connections

	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
Р	250 [3 626]	M14 x 1.5	Input	
F	120 [1 740]	or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Output	
Т	1 [14.5]	or G1/4	Tank	1 [2.20]
M F*		M10 x 1	Service brake pressure switch	

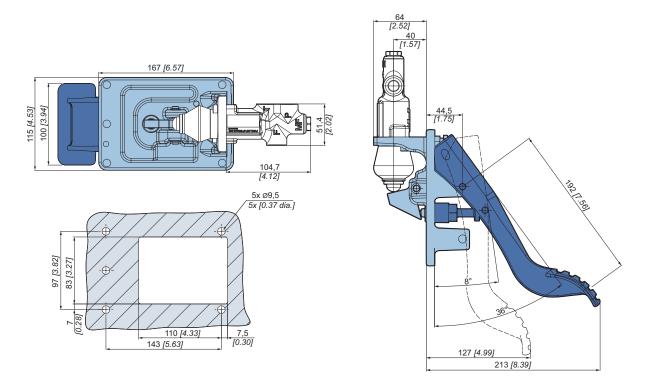
* : Option

Horizontal valve mechanical control

Floor mount pedal



Wall mount pedal



Emergency / Parking brake

Service brake

ervice brake + inching

Steering assist brake

Accumulator charging

Full power

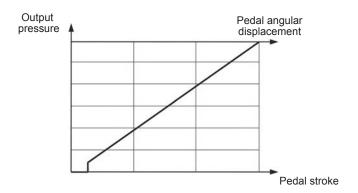
Relay Valve

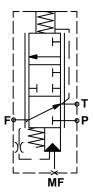
Options

Installation

VB3-010 **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve





Estimated maximum actuator forces according to output pressure

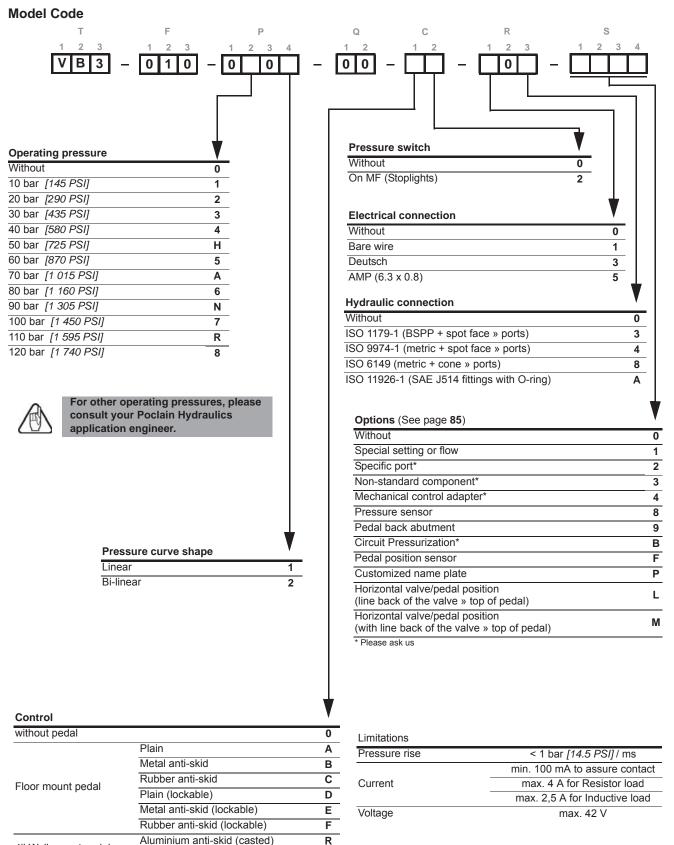
• Force on pedal (Fa): • Force on pedal (Fb): Fa (daN) $_{pprox}$ 0.5 x max. output pressure (bar) + 5

Fb (daN) $_{\approx}$ Fa/6



To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.

POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB3-010



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4" Wall mount pedal

8" Wall mount pedal

Rubber anti-skid (sheet metal)

Aluminium anti-skid (casted)

Metal anti-skid (sheet metal) Metal anti-skid (sheet metal) Emergency / Parking brake

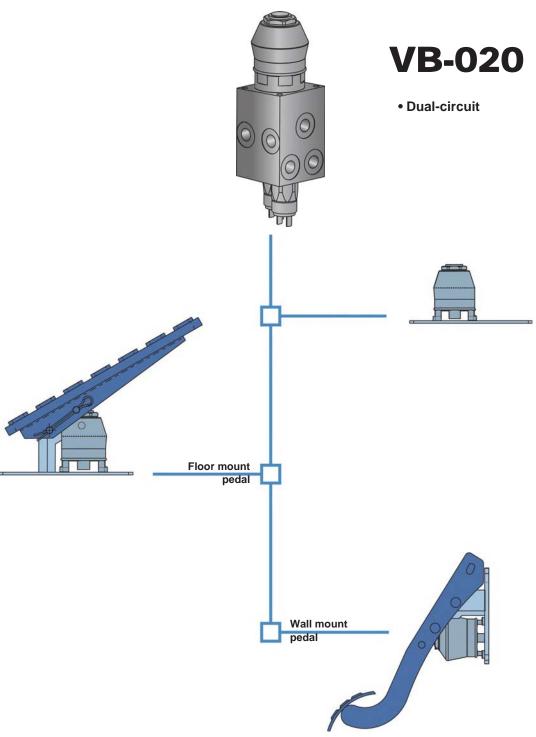
Service brake

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Steering assist brake

Accumulato

ruli powei brake VB3-010 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS



Applications

The VB-020 service brake valve (VB-0E0 and VB-0F0) is a mechanically-controlled, three-way, graduated release double pressure reducing valve.

The VB-020 (VB-0E0 and VB-0F0) valve provides precisely controlled output pressures (at F1 and F2) proportional to the pedal stroke and therefore to the force applied to the pedal. This provides the feeling of braking. In a braking circuit, VB-020 (VB-0E0 and VB-0F0) is usually associated with the VB-200 dual-circuit accumulator charging valve.

Operation

When the pedal is at rest ('up' position), the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are zero and the brake receptors are connected to the tank (F1 and F2 to T).

When the pedal is depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) increase proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal. The output pressures (at F1 and F2) can be equal or different according to a ratio F2/F1 = 0.64 (VB-0E0) or 0.44 (VB-0F0).

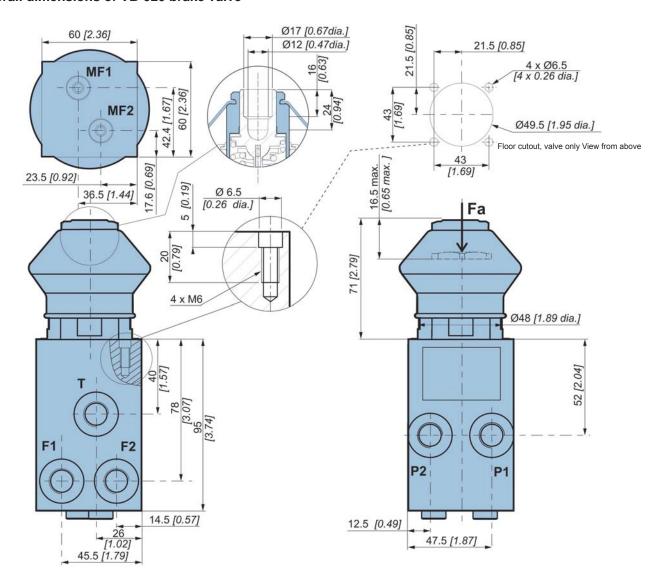
When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are limited to the preset pressures of the valve irrespective of the supply pressure.

The pressures at F1 and F2 are strictly independent. A failure in one of the circuits does not affect the operation of the other circuit.

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VB-020 **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-020 brake valve



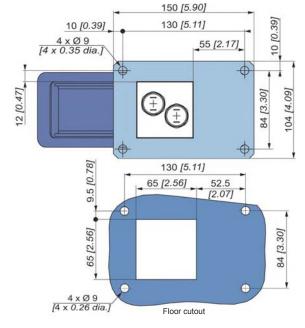
Connections

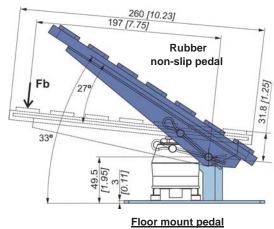
	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
P1 - P2	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M14 x 1.5	Input	
F1 - F2	120 <i>[1 740] (1)</i>	or	Output	
Т	1 [14,5]	9/16 - 18 UNF	Tank	
MF1*		M10 x 1	Service brake pressure switch	2,8 [6.17]
		M10 x 1 (VB020)	Service brake	
M F2*		M12 x 1.5 (VB0E0)	pressure switch	
		M14 x 1.5 (VB0F0)		

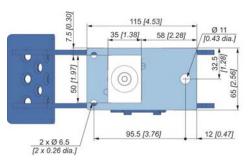
(1) : Higher pressure: please contact us * : Option

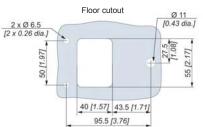
POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-020

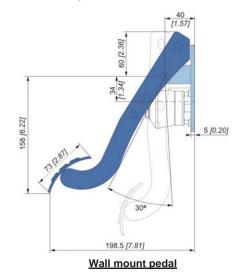
Mechanical Control



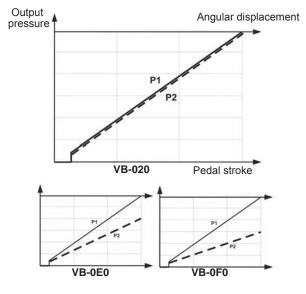


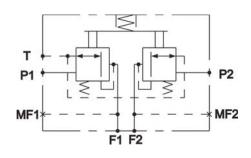






Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curves





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VB-020 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Estimated maximum actuator forces according to output pressure

• Force on pedal (Fa)

: Fa (daN) ≈max. output pressure (bar) + 27

• Force on pedal (Fb) : Fb (daN) \approx Fa/5

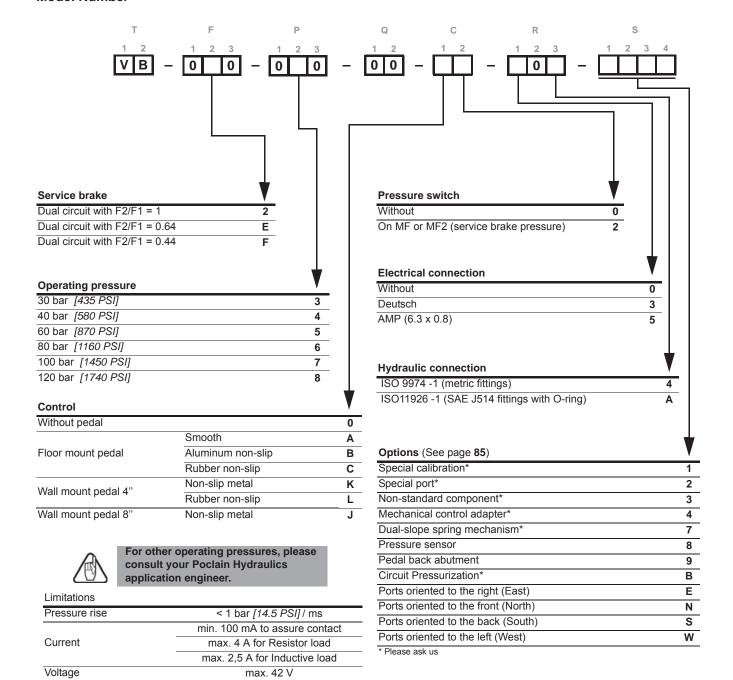


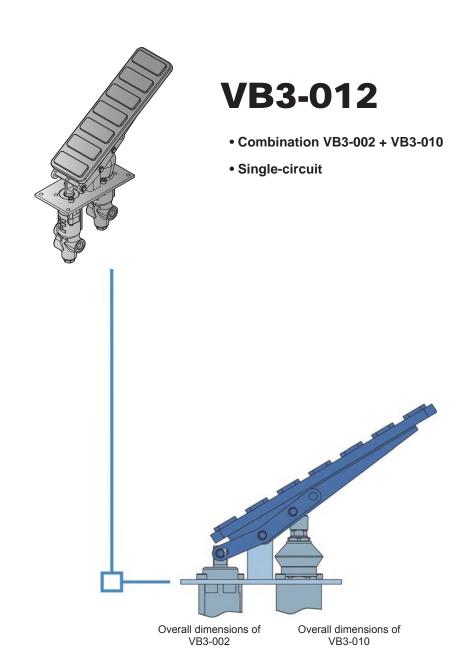
To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Model Number





Applications

The VB3-012 brake control is a single-circuit braking assembly that combines:

- The VB3-002 emergency / parking brake valve, which supplies an output pressure to control the automotive pump (inching),
- The VB3-010 service brake valve, which supplies a pressure to control the service braking.

Operation

The VB3-012 valve controls two independent pressures via a pedal. One pressure is for automotive pump control, and the other is for service braking control.

When the operator presses the pedal, VB3-012 supplies a pressure inversely proportional to the angular displacement of the pedal to control the hydraulic pump.

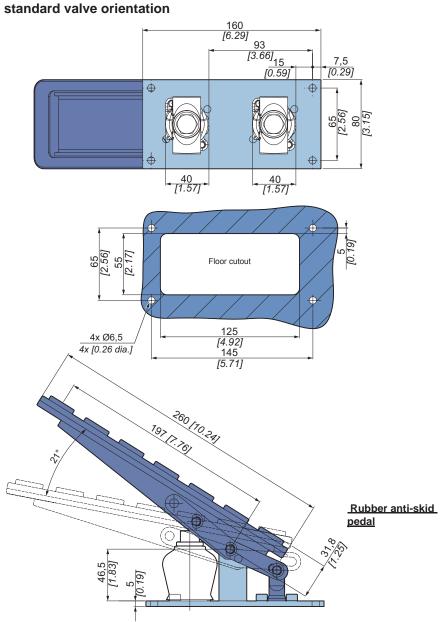
If more braking is required, the operator continues to press the pedal.

VB3-012 then supplies an output pressure to the service brake in proportion to the angular displacement of the pedal.

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VB3-012 **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Mechanical control with standard valve orientation

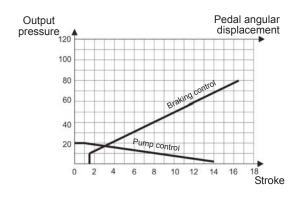


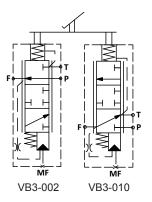
Connections

	Max. pressure bar [PSI]	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
Р	250 [3 626]	M14 x 1.5	Input	
Т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>	or	Tank	
F (VB3-010)	120 <i>[1 740]</i>	9/16-18 UNF or	Service braking	
F (VB3-002)	20 [290,1]	G 1/4	Inching control	3,5 [7,72]
MF (VB3-010)*		M10 x 1	Service braking pressure switch	
MF (VB3-002)*		M10 x 1	Inching control pressure switch	

^{* :} Option

Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve







For different configurations, please consult your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.



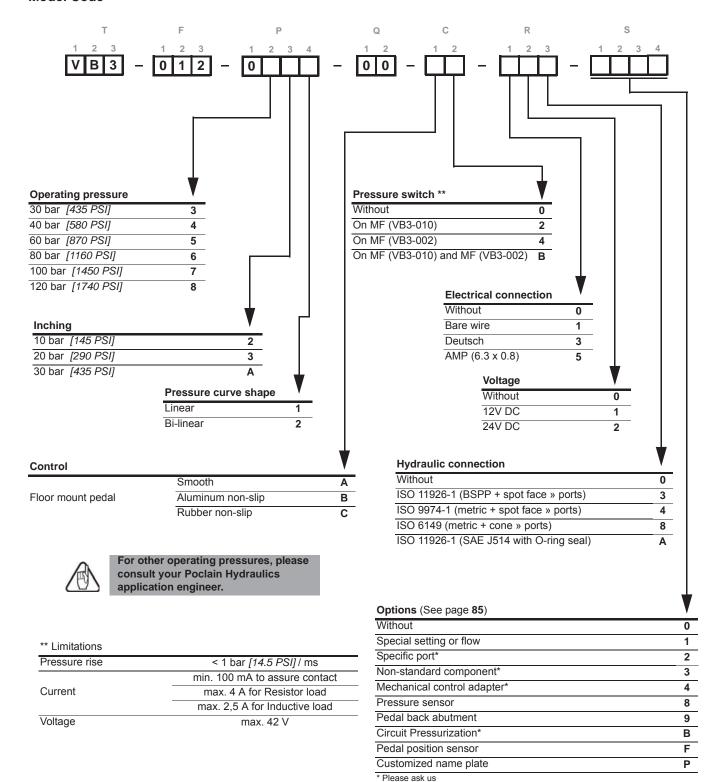
To calculate the actuator forces for your mechanical control: please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.



This valve is always sold with a mechanical control.

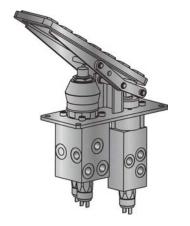
VB3-012 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Model Code



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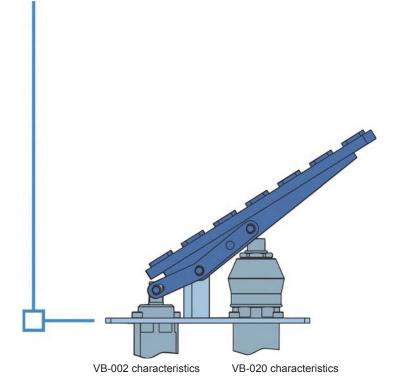
VB-022



VB-022

- Combination of VB-002 + VB-020
- Dual-circuit
- VB3-002 can be used for VB-022*

*For more information please contact your Poclain Hydraulics application engineer.



Applications

The VB-022 brake control is a dual-circuit braking assembly combining:

- The VB-002 emergency / parking brake valve, which provides an output pressure to control the automotive pump (inching),
- The VB-020 service brake valve, which provides two output pressures, F1 and F2, for independent braking circuits.

Output pressures F1 and F2 can be equal (VB-022) or different according to a ratio F2/F1 = 0.64 (VB-0E2) or 0.44 (VB-0F2).

Operation

VB-022 controls three independent pressures via a pedal. One pressure controls the automotive pump, and the other two pressures control the service braking.

Two-step braking:

When the operator presses the pedal, the VB-022 supplies a pressure that is inversely proportional to the angular displacement of the pedal, to control the hydraulic pump. If more braking is required, the operator continues to press the pedal. VB-022 then supplies an output pressure to the service brakes in proportion to the angular displacement of the pedal.

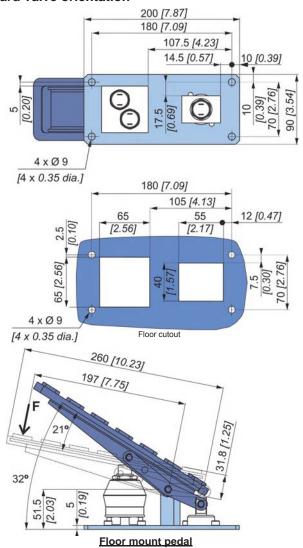
Simultaneous braking:

VB-022, VB-0E2 and VB-0F2 simultaneously control the pump (hydrostatic braking) and the service braking (mechanical braking) for more aggressive dynamic braking.

The pressures at F1 and F2 are strictly independent. A failure in one of the circuits does not affect the operation of the other circuit.

VB-022 **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Mechanical control with standard valve orientation

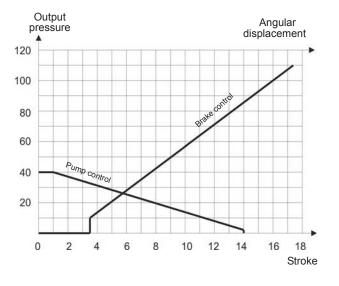


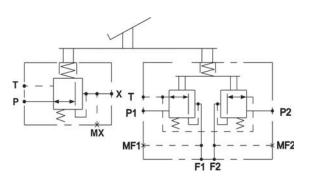
Connections

	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>		Input	
P1 - P2	210 [3 040]	. M14 x 1.5	Πραι	
Т	1 [14,5]	or	Tank	
F1 - F2	120 <i>[1 740]</i>	9/16" 18 UNF	Service braking	
х	20 [290,1] (1)		Inching control	
M F1*		M10 x 1	Service braking pressure switch	4,1 <i>[9.04]</i>
M F2*		M10 x 1 (VB022) M12 x 1.5 (VB0E2) M14 x 1.5 (VB0F2)	Service braking pressure switch	
M X*		M12 x 1.5	Inching control pressure switch	

(1) : Higher pressures: please contact us* : Option

Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curves







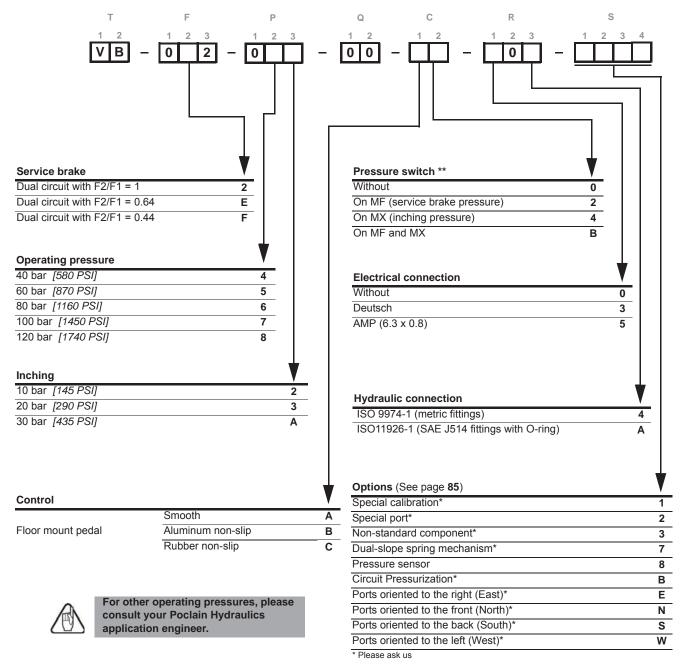
To calculate the actuator forces for your mechanical control: please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

VB-022 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Model Code

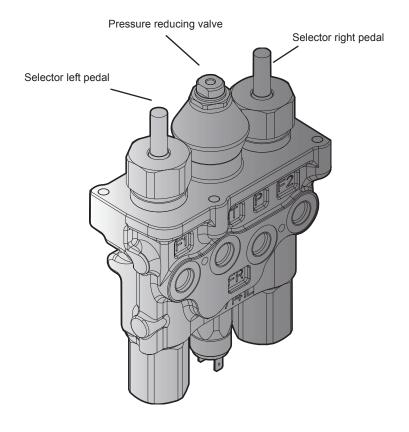


^{**} Limitations

Pressure rise	< 1 bar <i>[14.5 PSI]</i> / ms	
	min. 100 mA to assure contact	
Current	max. 4 A for Resistor load	
	max. 2,5 A for Inductive load	
Voltage	max. 42 V	

VB-0B0

VB-0B0



Applications

The VB-0B0 valve is a single circuit brake valve that provides dynamic service braking in road mode and steering-assist braking in field mode.

VB-0B0 is actuated by two pedals, and supplies two independent brakes on rear axle. The VB-0B0 valve combines the following components in a single unit:

- A pressure reducer that supplies an output pressure proportional to the pedal stroke.
- Two circuit selectors, each one associated with one of the pedals of the VB-0B0.

Operation

VB-0B0 performs two types of braking:

- Left/right directional braking in field mode.
- Braking with equal power distribution in road mode.

• Field mode:

VB-0B0 provides steering assistance for turning. In field mode, the two pedals are actuated independently. When the operator depresses either pedal, the pressure reducer and the selector associated with this pedal are actuated. VB-0B0 supplies a graduated release braking pressure exclusively to the service brakes associated with this pedal.

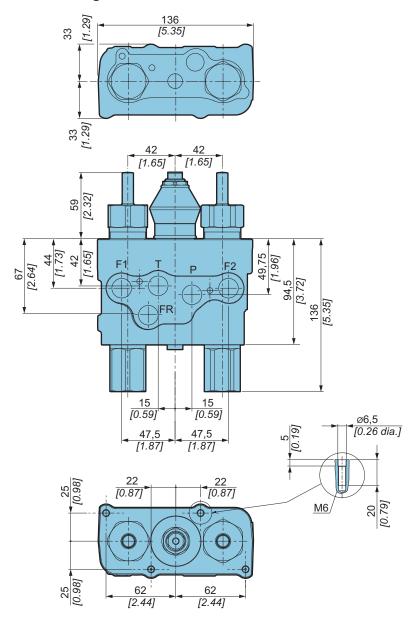
Road mode:

In road mode, the two pedals are mechanically linked. When the operator depresses one pedal, the other one is driven, and so both selectors are actuated together. The VB-0B0 valve supplies an identical pressure to both brakes, proportional to the stroke of the pedals.

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VB-0B0 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Overall dimensions of VB-0B0 braking valve

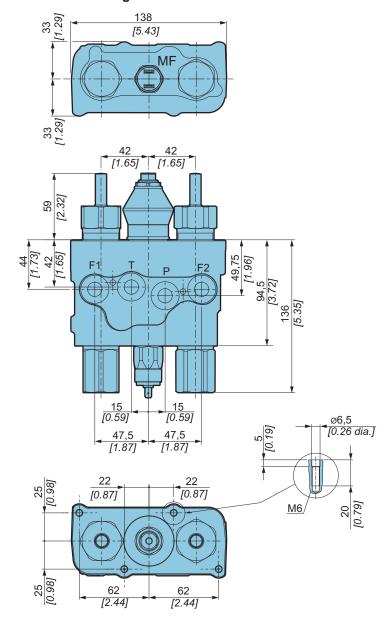


Connections

		Max. pressure bar [PSI]	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
	Р	250 [3 626]		Input	
Ľ.	Т	10 <i>[145,0]</i>	M14 x 1.5 or	Tank	
y to version	F1		9/16" 18 UNF	Left and/or right brake output	
	F2	400 [4 740]			
According	FR (*)	120 <i>[1 740]</i>	M12 x 1.5 or 1/2" 20 UNF	Auxiliary brake output (optional)	
_	MF	-	M10 x 1	Service braking pressure	

(*) FR = F1 & F2. FR gives a braking pressure if both pedals are actuated (e.g., FR can be used to control a trailer brake valve). For further information, please contact your Poclain Hydraulics application engineer.

Overall dimensions of VB-0B0 braking valve



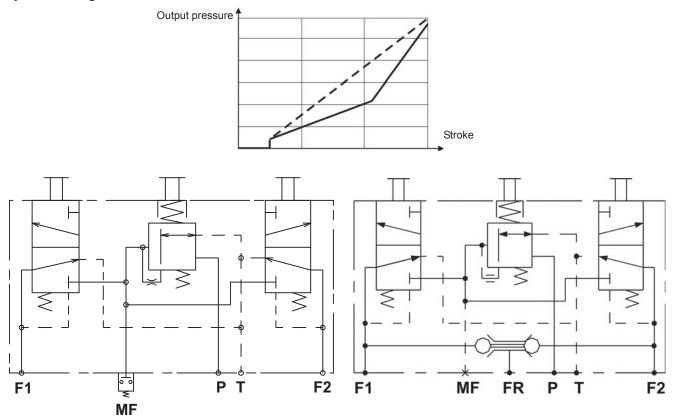
Connections

		Max. pressure bar [PSI]	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
u	Р	250 [3 626]		Input	
version	Т	10 <i>[14</i> 5, <i>0</i>]	M14 x 1.5 or	Tank	
	F1	120 [1 740]	9/16" 18 UN F	Left and/or right brake output	4,8 [10.58]
According to	F2	120 [1740]		Right and/or left brake output	
Acc	MF	-	M10 x 1	Service braking pressure	

For further information, please contact your Poclain Hydraulics application engineer.

VB-0B0 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

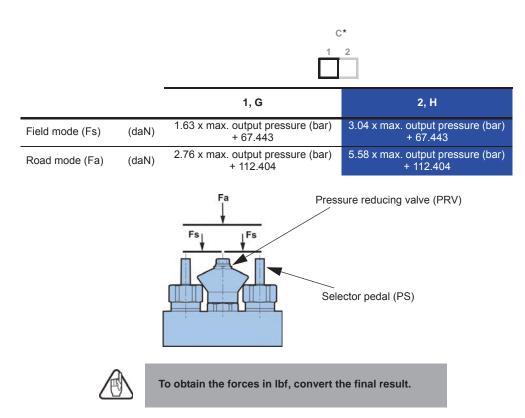
Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve



VB-0B0 valve with force feedback and no trailer brake signal FR.

VB-0B0 valve with force feedback and logic output port FR = F1&F2.

Estimated maximum actuator forces according to output pressure



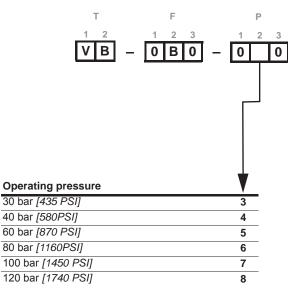
^{*} see next page, model code, section C

4

Model Code



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.





For other operating pressures, please consult your Poclain Hydraulics application engineer.

** Limitations

Pressure rise	< 1 bar [14.5 PSI] / ms
	min. 100 mA to assure contact
Current	max. 4 A for Resistor load
	max. 2,5 A for Inductive load
Voltage	max. 42 V

Q C	R		S
- 1 2 - 1 2 0 0 - 1 1	- 0	3 -	1 2 3 4
Control		$\overline{\ }$	
	DN12 cast	1	
	DN12 block	G	
Control with force feedback	DN18 cast	2	
	DN18 block	Н	
Pressure switch **		1	<u>, </u>
Without		()
On MF (service brake pressu	ure)	2	2 📗
Electrical connection			V
Without			0
Deutsch			3
AMP (6.3 x 0.8)			5

Options (See page 85)

Hydraulic connection

ISO 9974-1 (metric fittings)

ISO11926-1 (SAE J514 fittings with O-ring)

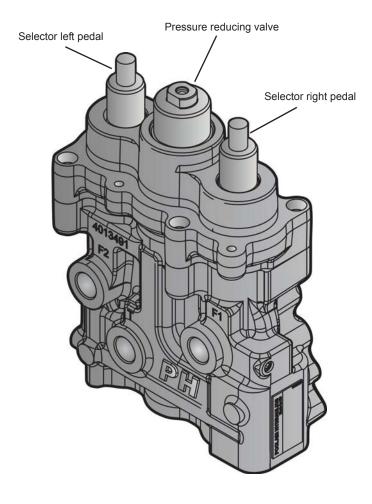
,	
Special calibration*	1
Special port*	2
Non-standard component*	3
Dual-slope spring mechanism*	7
Pressure sensor	8
Improved watertightness*	Α
Circuit Pressurization*	В

^{*} Please ask your Poclain Hydraulics application engineer.

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VB-0B0 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

VB-0D0



Applications

The VB-0D0 valve is a double circuit brake valve that provides dynamic service braking in road mode and steering-assist braking in field mode.

Standard VB-0D0 product has dual slope characteristic and improved watertightness.

VB-0D0 is actuated by two pedals, and supplies three independent brakes (two on the rear axle and one in the front axle).

The VB-0D0 valve combines the following components in a single unit:

- A pressure reducers that supplie an output pressure proportional to the pedal stroke.
- Two circuit selectors, each one associated with one of the pedals of the VB-0D0.

Operation

VB-0D0 performs two types of braking:

- Left/right directional braking in field mode.
- Braking with equal power distribution in road mode.
- Field mode:

VB-0D0 provides steering assistance for turning. In field mode, the two pedals are actuated independently. When the operator depresses either pedal, the pressure reducers and the selector associated with this pedal are actuated. VB-0D0 supplies a graduated release braking pressure exclusively to the service brakes associated with this pedal.

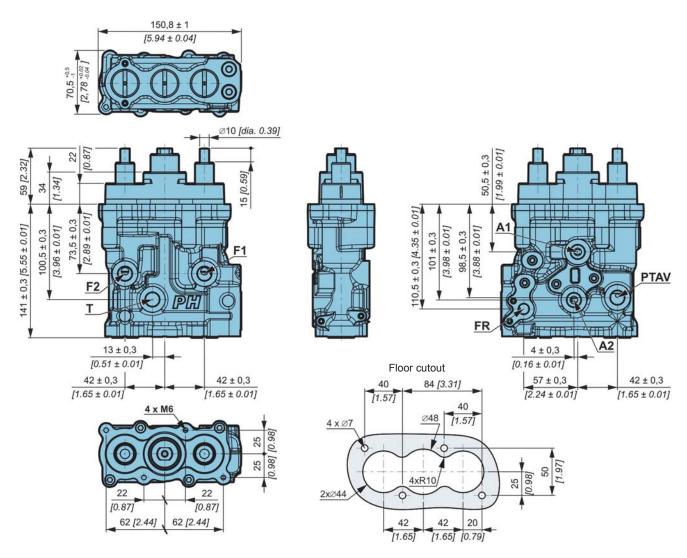
• Road mode:

In road mode, the two pedals are mechanically linked. When the operator depresses one pedal, the other one is driven, and so both selectors are actuated together. The VB-0D0 valve supplies an identical pressure to all brakes, proportional to the stroke of the pedals.

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VB-0D0 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Overall dimensions of VB-0D0 braking valve

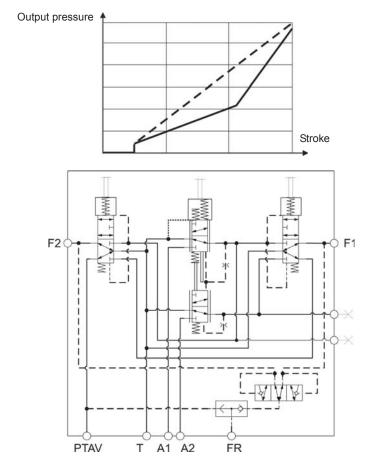


Connections

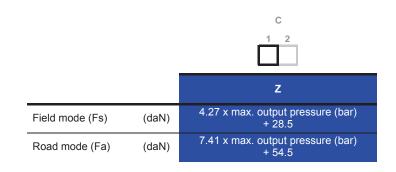
			ressure [PSI]	Connection	Function	kg [lb]
	A1	125	[1 813]		Rear axle supply	
u	A2	120	[1013]	M16 x 1.5	Front axle supply	
ersio	Т	15	[217.6]	or	Tank	
According to version	F1		3/4" 16 UNF	Rear axle F1 braking		
	F2				Rear axle F2 braking	7.1 <i>[15.7]</i>
Accord	FR (*)	125	[1 813]	M12 x 1.5 or 1/2" 20 UNF	Auxiliary brake output (optional)	
	PTAV			M16 x 1.5 or 3/4" 16 UNF	Front axle brake output	

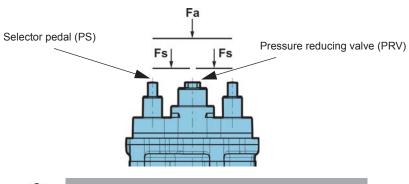
(*) FR = F1 & F2. FR gives a braking pressure if both pedals are actuated (e.g., FR can be used to control a trailer brake valve). For further information, please contact us.

Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve



Estimated maximum actuator forces according to output pressure



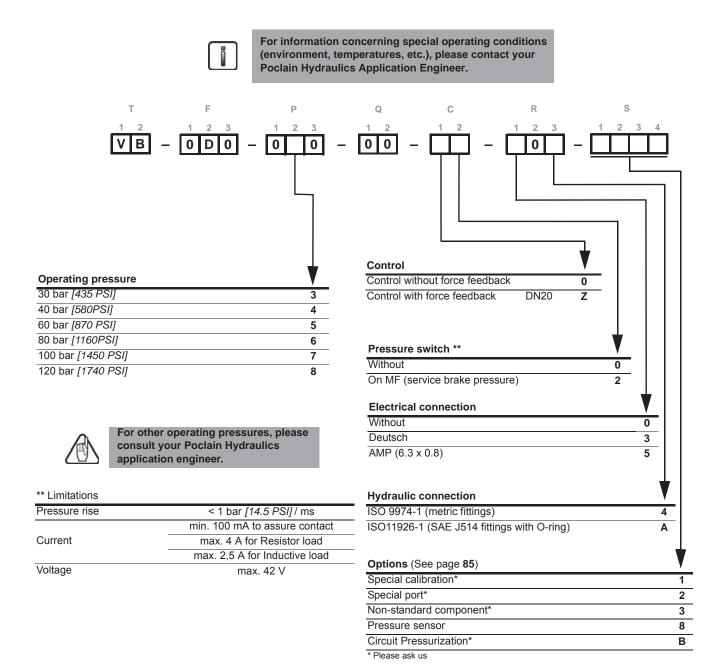




To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.

VB-0D0 POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Model Code



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- 45 I/min [12 GPM]
- Single-circuit

The VB-100 accumulator charging valve charges the accumulator(s) of a braking circuit and maintains its (their) pressure while supplying an auxiliary circuit.

In a braking circuit, valve VB-100 is associated with the VB-010 single-circuit service brake valve (or the VB-002 emergency / parking brake valve).

Operation

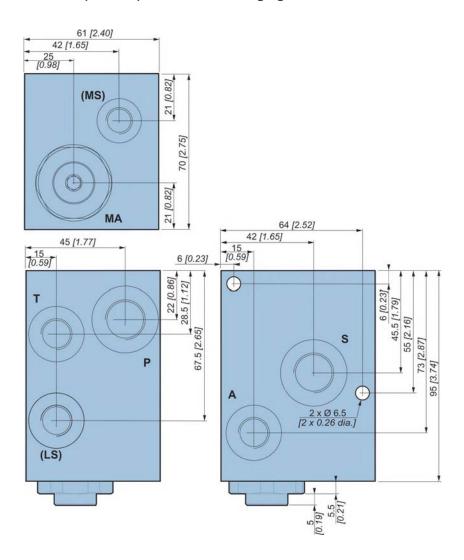
During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulator.

When the accumulator reaches maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulator drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached, the valve again charges the accumulator until it reaches cut-out pressure, and so on.

VB-100 (45 I/min) **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-100 (45 l/min) accumulator charging valve



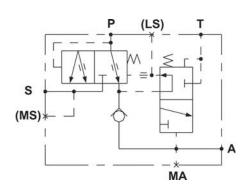
Connections

	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (1) bar [PSI]
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	or 3/4 - 16 UNF	Auxiliary circuit	•	
т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>	M14 x 1.5	Tank		
A	Cut-out pressure	or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Service braking accumulator	2,2 [4.8]	10 <i>[145]</i>
MA*		1/4 BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch	•	
LS*		M14 x 1.5 or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Load sensing	•	
MS*		M12 x 1.5	Pressure switch	•	

⁽¹⁾ Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 30 l/min, 8 GPM) * : Option

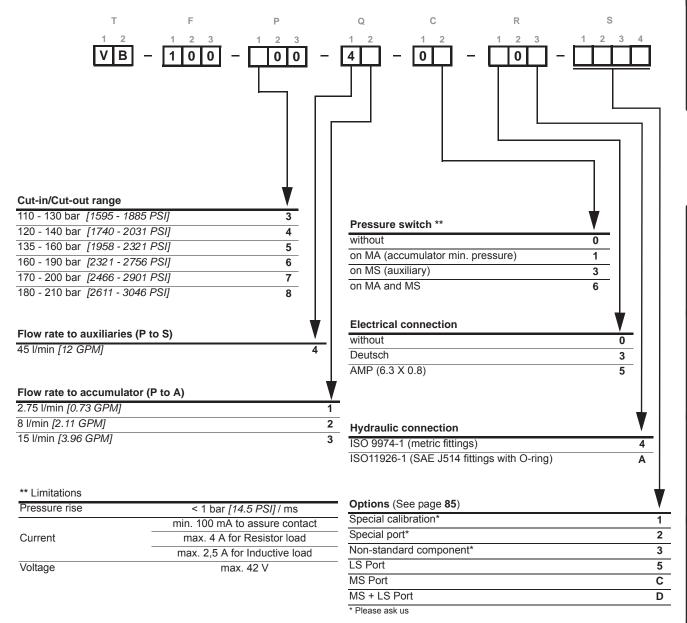
POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-100 (45 l/min)

Hydraulic diagram



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Model Code



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Emergency / Parking brake

Service

ervice brak + inchind

Steering assist brake

Accumulator charging

Full pow

Relay Valve

Options

nstallation

VB-100 (45 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

VB-100

- 120 I/min [32 GPM]
- Single-circuit

Applications

The VB-100 accumulator charging valve charges the accumulator(s) of a braking circuit and maintains its (their) pressure while supplying an auxiliary circuit.

In a braking circuit, valve VB-100 is associated with the VB-010 single-circuit service brake valve (or the VB-002 emergency / parking brake valve).

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulator.

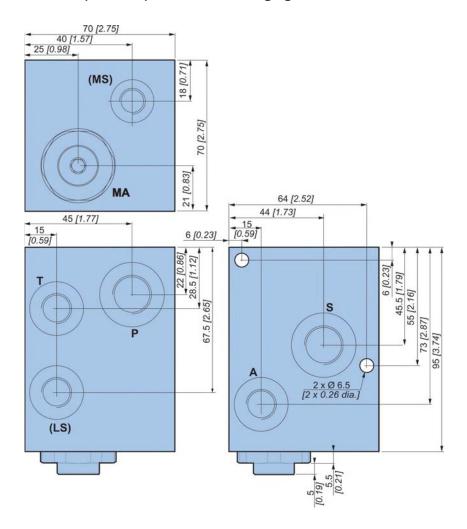
When the accumulator reaches maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulator drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached, the valve again charges the accumulator until it reaches cut-out pressure, and so on.

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VB-100 (120 I/min) **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-100 (120 l/min) accumulator charging valve



Connections

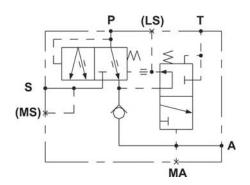
	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (1) ^{bar} <i>[PSI]</i>
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5 or	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	3/4 - 16 UNF	Auxiliary circuit	•	
Т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>	M14 x 1.5	Tank		
A	Cut-out pressure	or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Service braking accumulator	2,2 [4.8]	4 [58]
MA*		1/4 BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch	•	
LS*		M14 x 1.5 or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Load sensing	•	
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS Pressure switch	•	

⁽¹⁾ Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 60 l/min, 16 GPM)

[:] Options

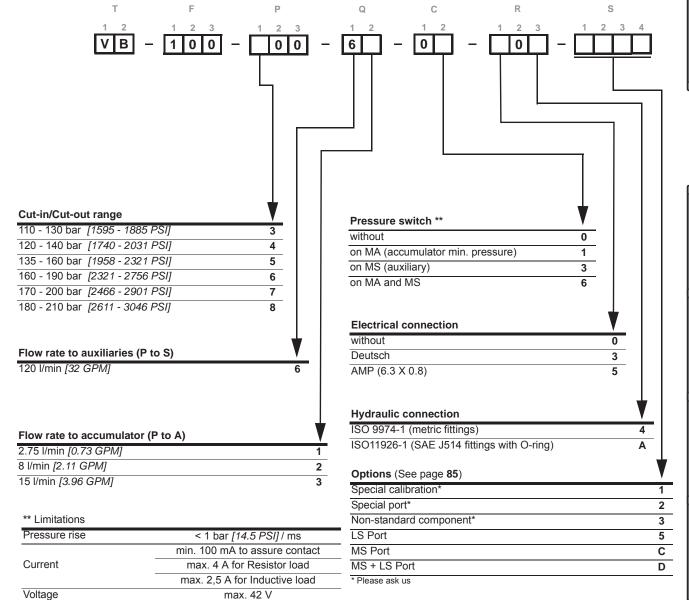
POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-100 (120 l/min)

Hydraulic diagram



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Model Code



05/04/2016

Parki

e brake ching

eering Se

Accumulator charging

Full pow

Relay Valve

Options

nstallation

51

VB-100 (120 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

VB-200

- 45 I/min [12 GPM]
- Dual-circuit

Applications

The VB-200 accumulator charging valve charges the accumulators of a braking circuit and maintains their pressure while supplying an auxiliary circuit.

In a braking circuit, valve VB-200 is associated with the VB-020 dual-circuit service brake valve (or the VB-010 single-circuit service brake valve and the VB-002 emergency / parking brake valve).

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulators. When the accumulators reach maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

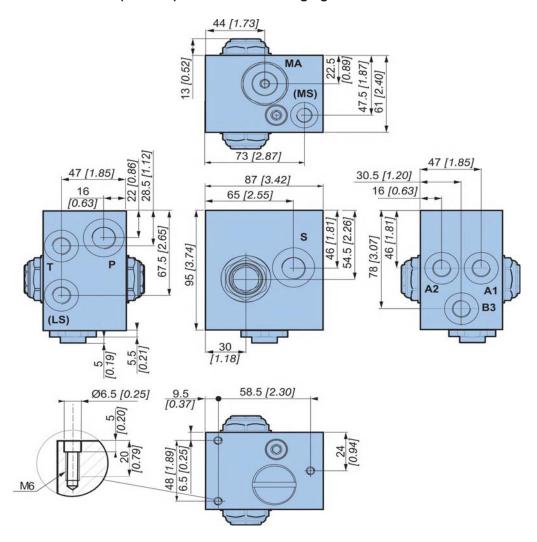
Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulators drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached in at least one accumulator, the valve recharges the accumulators to cut-out pressure, and so on.

When a failure occurs in one of the braking circuits, the other circuit is immediately isolated by its safety valve. The circuit that remains operative can then be used as an emergency brake thanks to the energy stored in its accumulator.

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VB-200 (45 I/min) **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-200 (45 l/min) accumulators charging valve



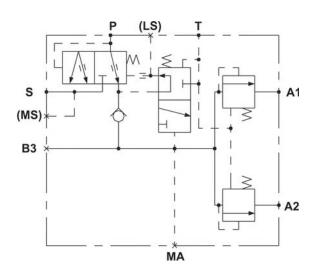
Connections

	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (2) bar <i>[PSI]</i>
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5 or	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	3/4 - 16 UNF	Auxiliary circuit		
Т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>		Tank		
A1 - A2	Cut-out	M14 x 1.5 or	Service braking accumulator		
В3	pressure (1)	9/16 - 18 UNF	Parking brake connection	4 [8.8]	10 <i>[145]</i>
MA*		1/4 BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch		
LS*		M14 x 1.5 or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Load sensing		
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS Pressure switch		

⁽¹⁾ Or max. allowable pressure for the accumulators.
(2) Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 30 l/min, 8 GPM)
* Onlines

[:]Options

Hydraulic diagram



Isolating ball valves (LS) S (MS) **B3** MA

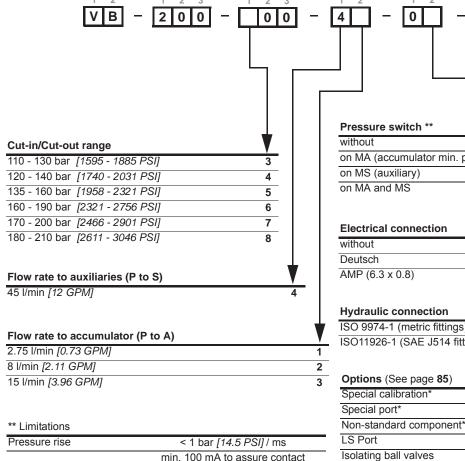
For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

MS Port

MS + LS Port

* Please ask us

Model Code



min. 100 mA to assure contact

max. 4 A for Resistor load max. 2,5 A for Inductive load

max. 42 V

J <u>L </u>		
Pressure switch **		
without	0	
on MA (accumulator min. pressure)	1	
on MS (auxiliary)	3	
on MA and MS	6	
Electrical connection		<u>▼</u>
Deutsch		3
AMP (6.3 x 0.8)		5
Hydraulic connection		₩
ISO 9974-1 (metric fittings)		4
ISO11926-1 (SAE J514 fittings with O-ring))	Α
Options (See page 85)		
Special calibration*		

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Current

Voltage

Accumulator charging

Relay

55

3

5

6

С

D

VB-200 (45 l/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

- 120 I/min [32 GPM]
- Dual-circuit

Applications

The VB-200 accumulator charging valve charges the accumulators of a braking circuit and maintains their pressure while supplying an auxiliary circuit.

In a braking circuit, valve VB-200 is associated with the VB-020 dual-circuit service brake valve (or the VB-010 single-circuit service brake valve and the VB-002 emergency / parking brake valve).

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulators. When the accumulators reach maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return). Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the

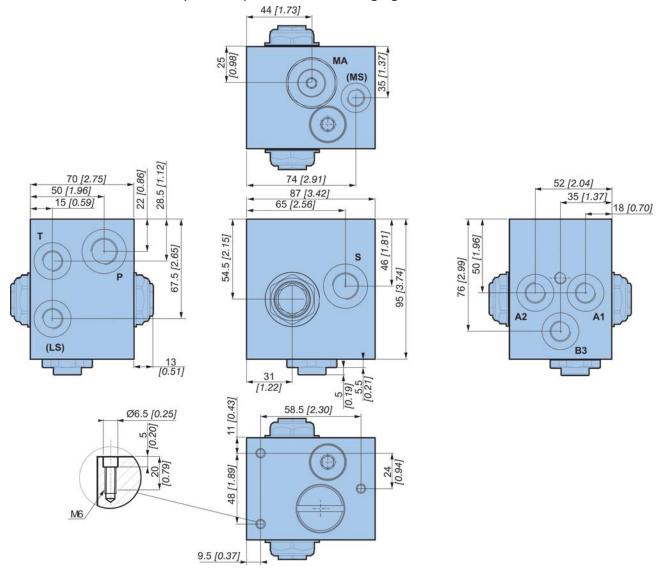
Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulators drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached in at least one accumulator, the valve recharges the accumulators to cut-out pressure, and so on.

When a failure occurs in one of the braking circuits, the other circuit is immediately isolated by its safety valve. The circuit that remains operative can then be used as an emergency brake thanks to the energy stored in its accumulator.

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VB-200 (120 I/min) **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-200 (120 l/min) accumulators charging valve



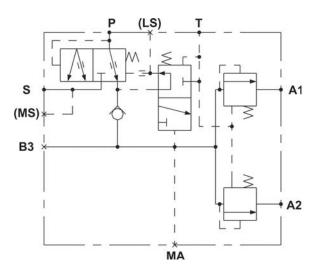
Connections

	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (2)
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5	Input		
s	Cut-out pressure	or 3/4 - 16 UNF	Auxiliary circuit		
Т	1 [14,5]		Tank		
A1 - A2	Cut-out	M14 x 1.5 or	Service braking accumulator	•	
В3	pressure (1)	9/16 - 18 UNF	Parking brake connection	4 [8.8]	4 [58]
MA*		1/4 BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch		
LS*		M14 x 1.5 or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Load sensing		
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS Pressure switch	'	

⁽¹⁾ Or max. allowable pressure for the accumulators.
(2) Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 60 l/min, 16 GPM)
* :Options

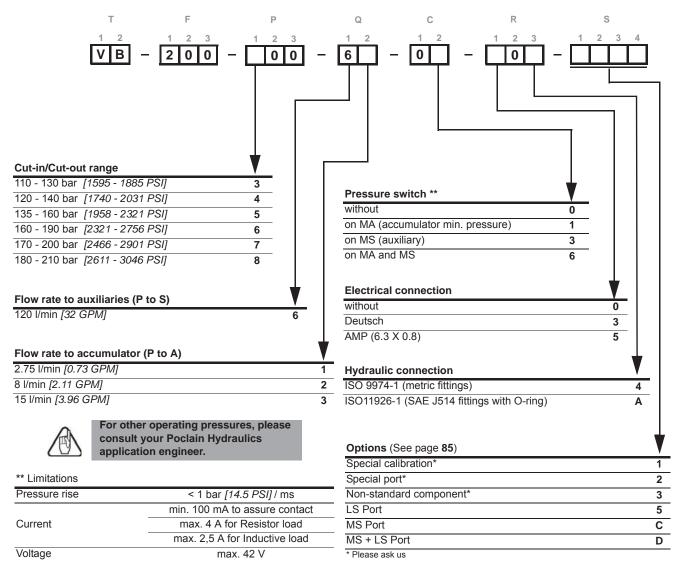
POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-200 (120 I/min)

Hydraulic diagram



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Model Code



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Emergency / Parking brake

Service

Service brak + inching

Steering

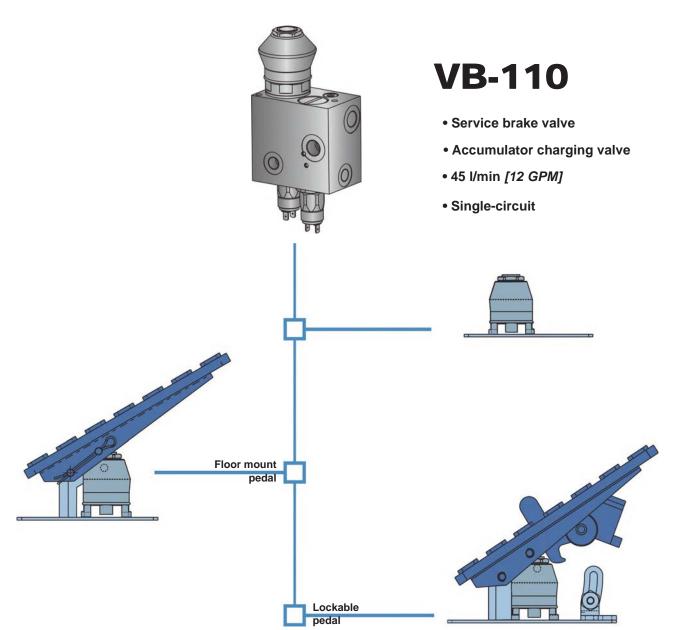
Accumulator charging

Full power

Relay Valv

VB-200 (120 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-110 (45 l/min)



Applications

The VB-110 braking assembly contains the following components in a single manifold:

- A single-circuit accumulator charging valve,
- A mechanically controlled single-circuit service brake valve. The incorporation of these functions in a compact unit reduces the risk of leaks and makes the overall size more compact.

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulator. When the accumulator reaches maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulator drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached, the valve recharges the accumulator to cut-out pressure, and so on. The modulating brake valve is a mechanically-controlled, three-way, graduated release pressure reducing valve.

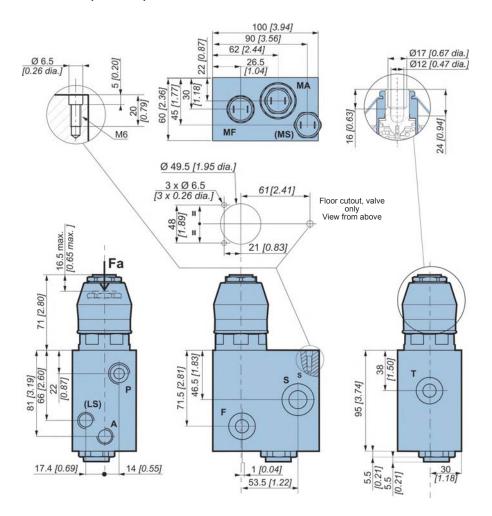
It is used for the precision dosing of the output pressure (at F) proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal, and therefore to the force applied to the pedal. This provides the feeling of braking. When the pedal is at rest ('up' position), the output pressure (at F) is zero and the brake receptors are connected to the tank (F to T). When the pedal is depressed, the output pressure (at F) increases proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal. When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressure (at F) is limited to the preset pressure of the valve irrespective of the supply pressure.

Emergency / Parking brake

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VB-110 (45 I/min) **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-110 (45 I/min) brake valve



Connections

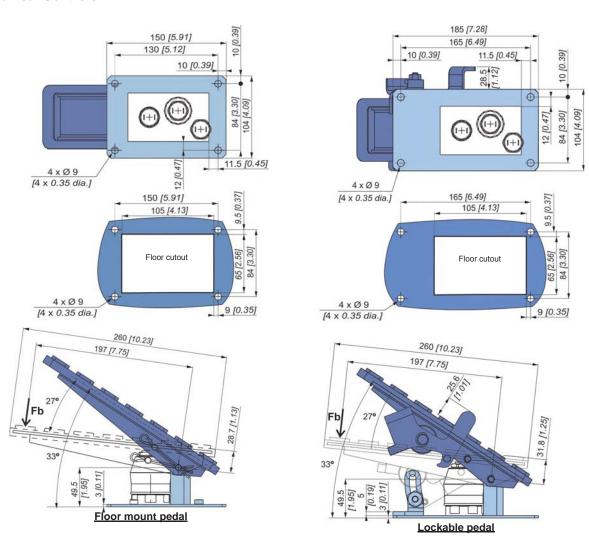
	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (3) bar <i>[PSI]</i>
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5 or	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	3/4" - 16 UNF	Auxiliary circuit		
Т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>	M 14 x 1.5	Tank		
F	120 [1 740] (2)	or	Service braking		
Α	Cut-out pressure (1)	9/16" - 18 UNF	Service braking accumulator		
MA*		1/4" BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch	5 [12.8]	10 <i>[14</i> 5]
MF*		M10 x 1	Service pressure switch		
LS*		M 14 x 1.5 or 9/16" - 18 UNF	Load sensing		
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS pressure switch		

(1) Or max. allowable pressure for the accumulator.

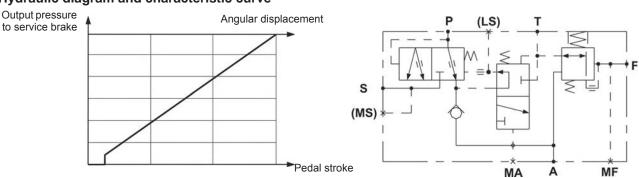
(1) Of That, allowable pressure for the accumulator.
(2) Higher pressure: contact us.
(3) Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 30 l/min, 8 GPM)

* Option

Option



Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve



Estimated max. actuator force as a function of output pressure

• Force on pedal (Fa)

Fa (daN) \approx 0.5 x max. output pressure (bar) + 35

• Force on pedal (Fb) : Fb (daN) \approx Fa/5



To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.

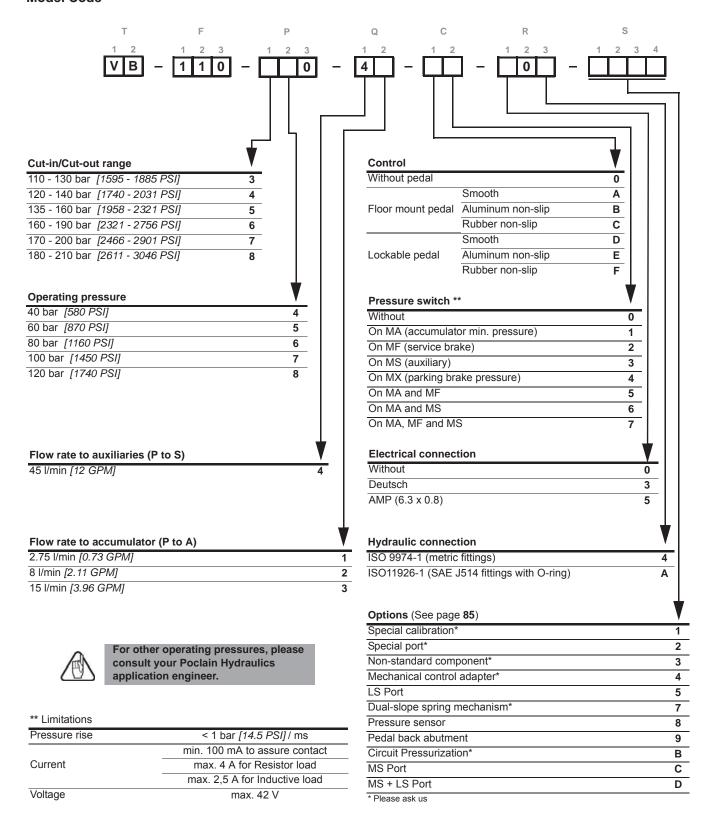


For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

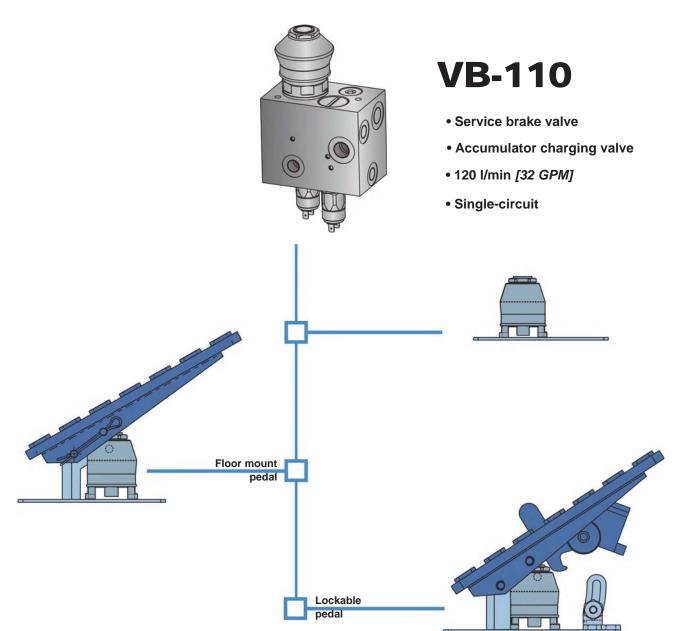
Emergency / Parking brake

VB-110 (45 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Model Code



POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-110 (120 l/min)



Applications

The VB-110 braking assembly contains the following components in a single manifold:

- · A single-circuit accumulator charging valve,
- A mechanically controlled single-circuit service brake valve. The incorporation of these functions in a compact unit reduces the risk of leaks and makes the overall size more compact.

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulator. When the accumulator reaches maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulator drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached, the valve recharges the accumulator to cut-out pressure, and so on. The modulating brake valve is a mechanically-controlled, three-way, graduated release pressure reducing valve.

It is used for the precision dosing of the output pressure (at F) proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal, and therefore to the force applied to the pedal. This provides the feeling of braking. When the pedal is at rest ('up' position), the output pressure (at F) is zero and the brake receptors are connected to the tank (F to T). When the pedal is depressed, the output pressure (at F) increases proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal. When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressure (at F) is limited to the preset pressure of the valve irrespective of the supply pressure.

Emergency / Parking brake

Service

Service brake + inching

Steering assist brake

Accumulator

Full power

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VB-110 (120 I/min) **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-110 (120 I/min) brake valve

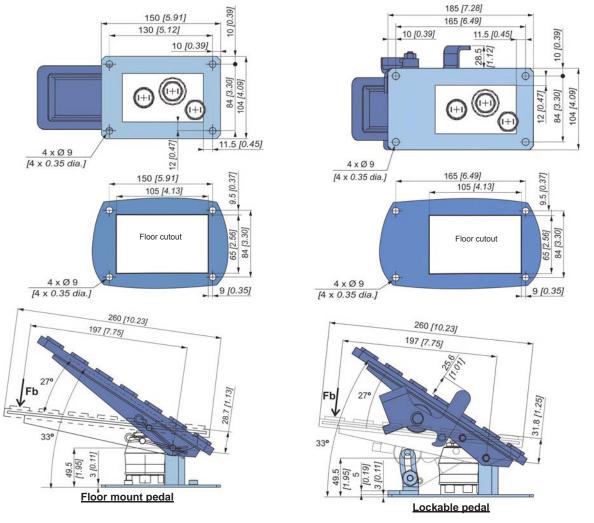


Connections

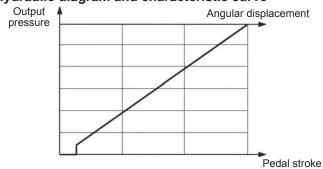
	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (3) _{bar} [<i>PSI</i>]
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5 or	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	3/4" - 16 UNF	Auxiliary circuit		
Т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>	M 14 x 1.5	Tank	_	
F	120 <i>[1 740] (2)</i>	or	Service braking	•	
А	Cut-out pressure(1)	9/16" - 18 UNF	Service braking accumulator	•	
MA		1/4" BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch	5 [12.8]	4 [58]
MF		M10 x 1	Service pressure switch		
LS*		M 14 x 1.5 or 9/16" - 18 UNF	Load sensing		
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS pressure switch	•	

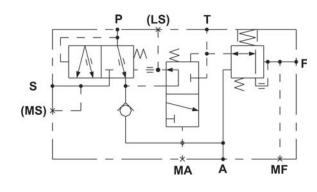
⁽¹⁾ Or max. allowable pressure for the accumulator.
(2) Higher pressure: contact us.
(3) Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 60 l/min, 16 GPM)
* :Option

Mechanical Controls



Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve





Estimated max. actuator force as a function of output pressure

Force on pedal (Fa)Force on pedal (Fb)

: Fa (daN) ≈0.5 x max. output pressure (bar) + 27

: Fb (daN) ≈Fa/5



To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.

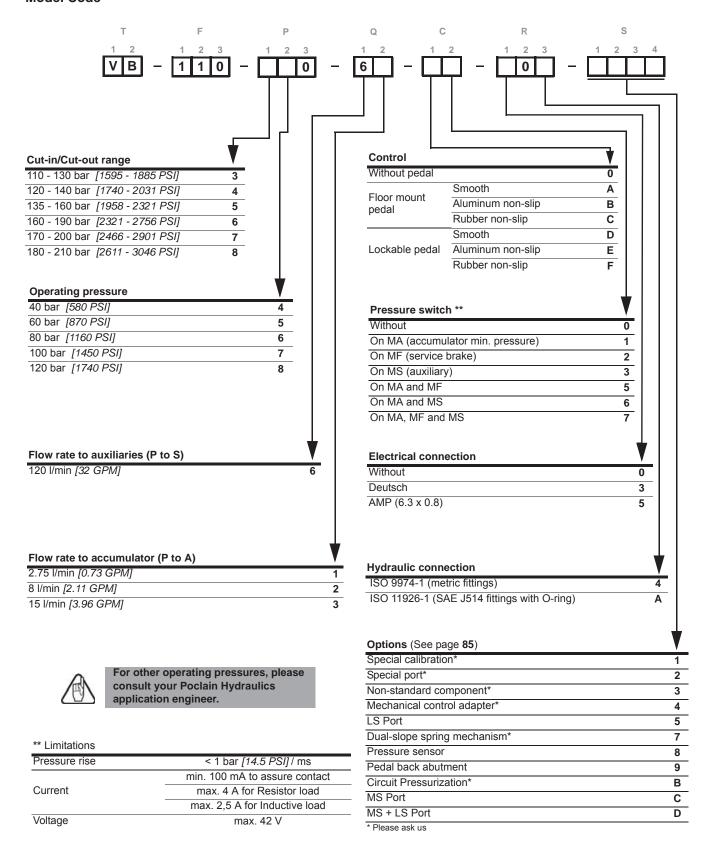


For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

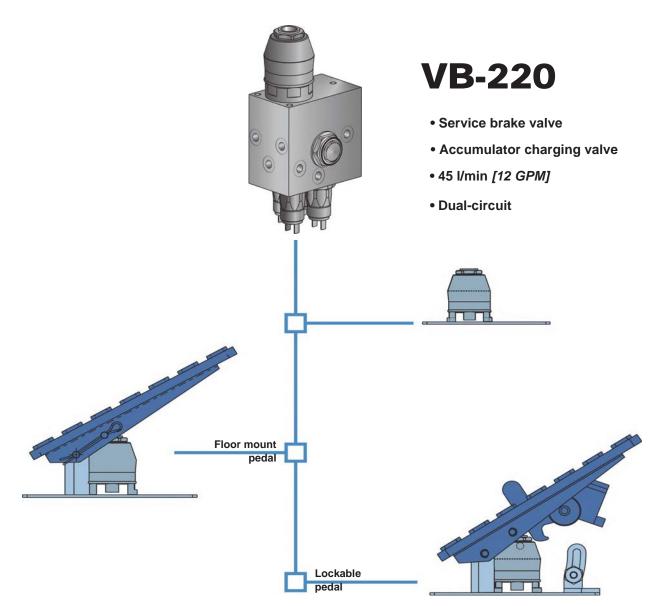
ency / brake

VB-110 (120 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Model Code



POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-220 (45 l/min)



Applications

The Poclain Hydraulics VB-220 braking assembly contains the following components in a single manifold:

- · A dual-circuit accumulator charging valve,
- · A mechanically controlled dual-circuit service brake valve,
- Two isolating valves for the braking circuits.

The output pressures (at F1 and F2), for the braking circuits, can be equal or different according to a ratio F2/F1 = 0.64 (VB-2E0) or 0.44 (VB-2F0).

The incorporation of these functions in a compact unit reduces the risk of leaks and makes the overall size more compact.

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulator. When the accumulator reaches maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulator drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached, the valve recharges the accumulator to cut-out pressure, and so on. The service brake valve is a mechanically-controlled, three-way, graduated release dual pressure reducing valve. It is used for the precision dosing of the output pressures (at F1 and F2) proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal, and therefore to the force applied to the pedal. This provides the feeling of braking. When the pedal is at rest ('up' position), the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are zero and the brake receptors are connected to the tank (F1 and F2 to T).

When the pedal is depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) increase proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal. When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are limited to the preset pressure of the valve irrespective of the supply pressure. When a failure occurs in one of the braking circuits, the other circuit is immediately isolated by its safety valve. The circuit that remains operative can then be used as an emergency brake thanks to the energy stored in its accumulator.

Emergency / Parking brake

Service

service brake + inching

Steering assist brake

Accumulato

Full power

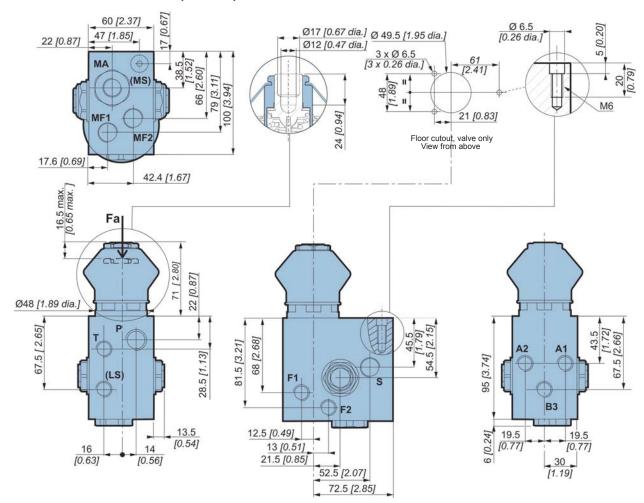
Relay Valve

Options

IIStallation

VB-220 (45 I/min) **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Overall dimensions of VB-220 (45 l/min) brake valve



Connections

	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (3) bar [PSI]
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	WIIO X 1.5	Auxiliary circuit		
Т	1 [14,5]		Tank	•	
F1 - F2	120 [1 740] (2)	M14 x 1.5	Service braking		
A1 - A2	Cut-out pressure (1)		Service braking accumulator		
В3			Parking brake connection		40 [445]
MA		1/4 BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch	6 [13.2]	10 <i>[145]</i>
MF1		M10 x 1	Service pressure switch		
MF2		WI O X 1			
LS*		M14 x 1.5	Load sensing		
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS pressure switch		

(1) Or max. allowable pressure for the accumulator.

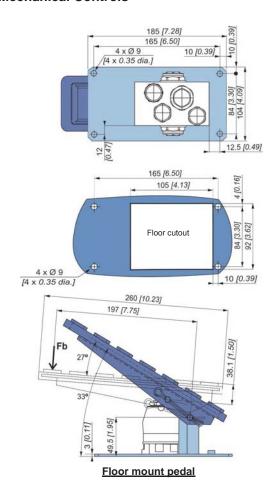
(2) Higher pressure: contact us

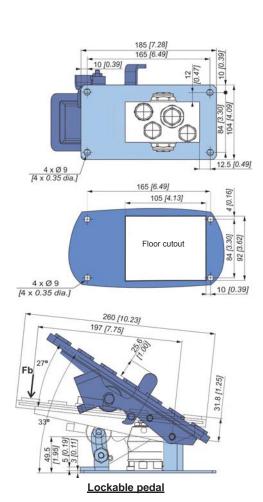
(3) Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 30 l/min, 8 GPM)

Option

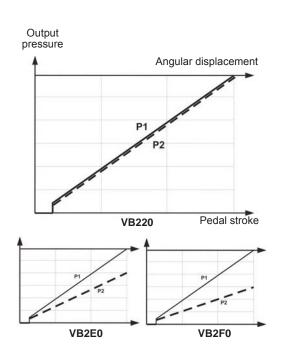
POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-220 (45 I/min)

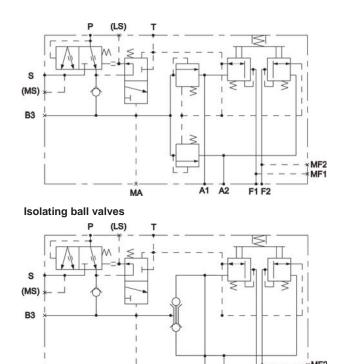
Mechanical Controls





Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve





A1 A2

MA

F1 F2

Emergend Parking br

Service

Service brake + inching

Steering assist brake

Accumulator charging

Full power brake

Relay Valve

Options

Installation

VB-220 (45 l/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Estimated max. actuator force as a function of output pressure

Force on pedal (Fa)Force on pedal (Fb)

: Fa (daN) ≈0.5 x max. output pressure (bar) + 35

Fb (daN) ≈Fa/5

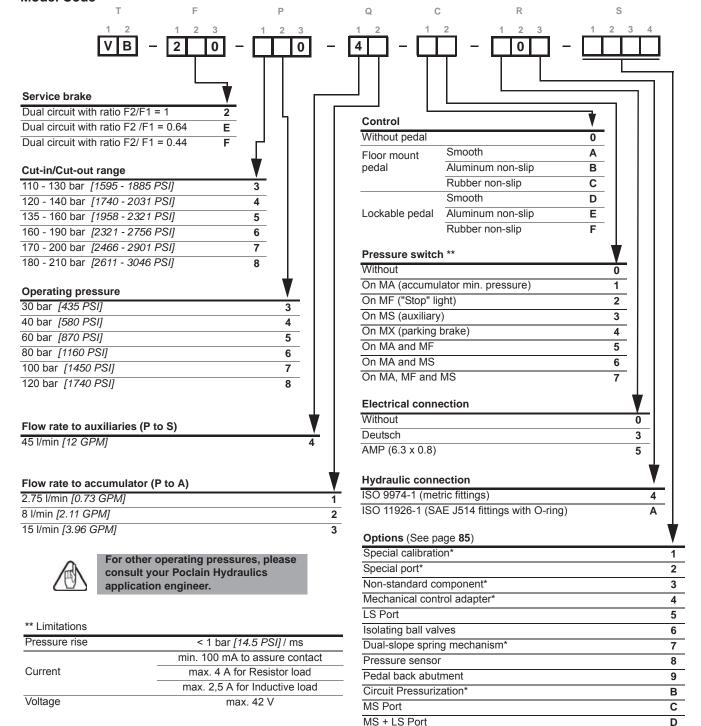


To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

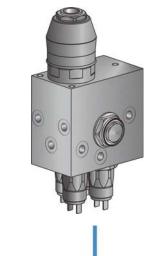
Model Code



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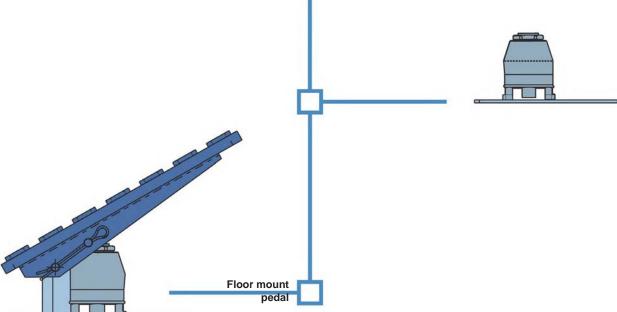
* Please ask us

POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-220 (120 I/min)



VB-220

- Service brake valve
- Accumulator charging valve
- 120 I/min [32 GPM]
- Dual-circuit



Applications

The Poclain Hydraulics VB-220 braking assembly contains the following components in a single manifold:

- · A dual-circuit accumulator charging valve,
- A mechanically controlled dual-circuit service brake valve,
- Two isolating valves for the braking circuits.

The output pressures (at F1 and F2), for the braking circuits, can be equal or different according to a ratio F2/F1 = 0.64 (VB-2E0) or 0.44 (VB-2F0).

The incorporation of these functions in a compact unit reduces the risk of leaks and makes the overall size more compact.

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulator. When the accumulator reaches maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulator drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached, the valve recharges the accumulator to cut-out pressure, and so on. The service brake valve is a mechanically-controlled, three-way, graduated release dual pressure reducing valve. It is used for the precision dosing of the output pressures (at F1 and F2) proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal, and therefore to the force applied to the pedal. This provides the feeling of braking. When the pedal is at rest ('up' position), the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are zero and the brake receptors are connected to the tank (F1 and F2 to T).

When the pedal is depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) increase proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal. When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are limited to the preset pressure of the valve irrespective of the supply pressure. When a failure occurs in one of the braking circuits, the other circuit is immediately isolated by its safety valve. The circuit that remains operative can then be used as an emergency brake thanks to the energy stored in its accumulator.

Emergency / Parking brake

Service

ervice brake + inching

Steering assist brake

Accumulator charging

Full power

Relay Valve

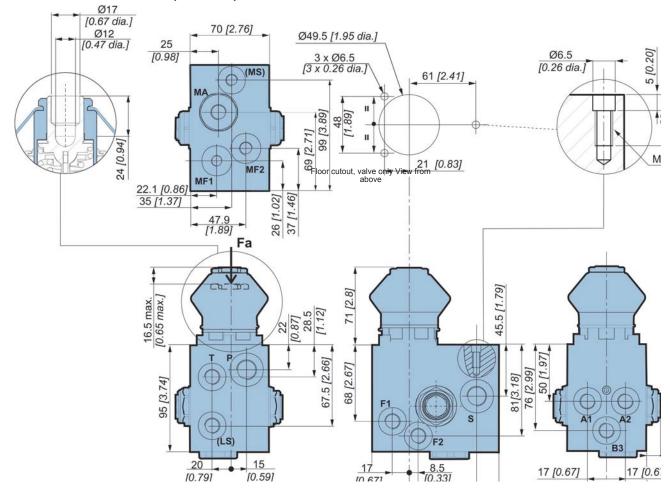
Options

IIstallation

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VB-220 (120 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Overall dimensions of VB-220 (120 I/min) brake valve



Connections

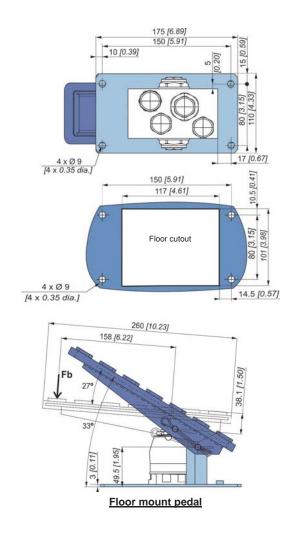
		ı			
	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (3) bar [PSI]
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5 or	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	3/4 - 16 UNF	Auxiliary circuit		
Т	1 [14,5]	M14 x 1.5	Tank		
F1 - F2	120 [1 740] (2)	W114 X 1.5	Service braking		
A1 - A2	Cut-out	or	Service braking accumulator		
B3*	pressure (1)	9/16 - 18 UNF	Parking brake connection		
MA*		1/4 BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch	6 [13.2]	4 [58]
MF1*		M10 x 1	Service pressure switch		
MF2*		M10 x 1 (VB220) M12 x 1 (VB2E0) M14 x 1 (VB2F0)	Service pressure switch		
LS*		M14 x 1.5 or 9/16 - 18 UNF	Load sensing		
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS pressure switch		

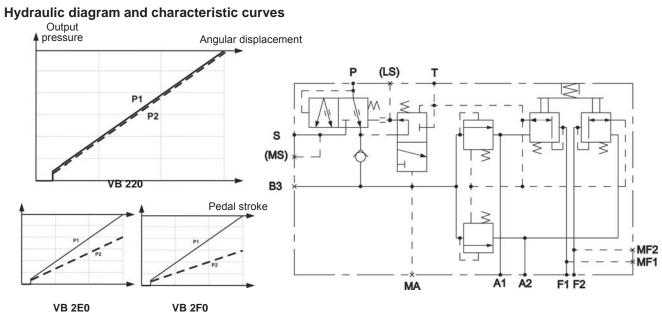
⁽¹⁾ Or max. allowable pressure for the accumulator.

⁽²⁾ Higher pressure: contact us.

⁽³⁾ Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 60 l/min, 16 GPM) *Option

Mechanical Controls





+ inching

Steering

charging

Full power brake

Valve Relay

VB-220 (120 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Estimated max. actuator force as a function of output pressure

• Force on pedal (Fa) : Fa (daN) $_{\approx}$ 0.5 x max. output pressure (bar) + 35

• Force on pedal (Fb) : Fb (daN) ≈Fa/5

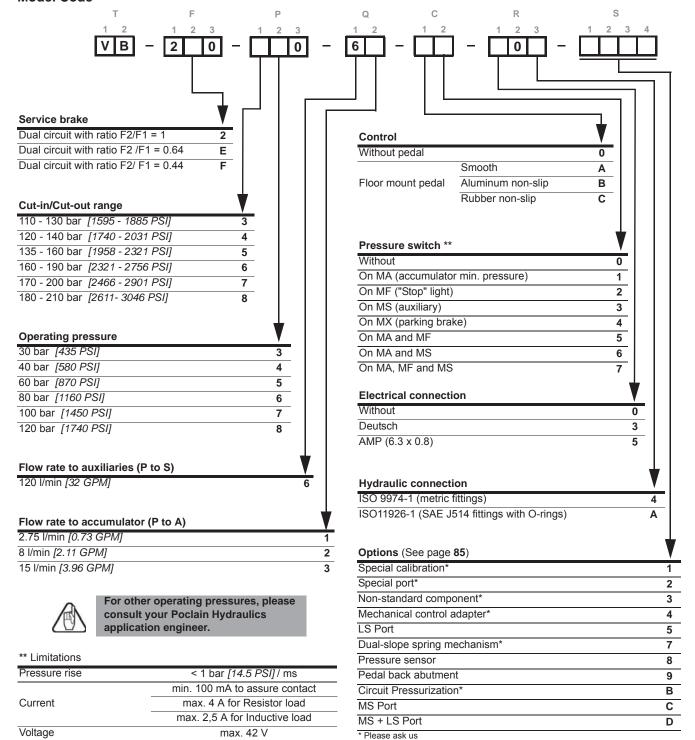


To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.

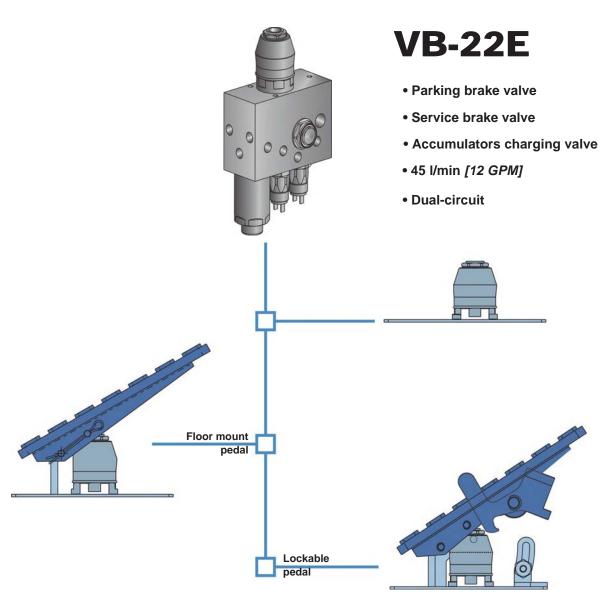


For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Model Code



POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-22E (45 l/min)



Applications

The Poclain Hydraulics VB-22E braking assembly contains the following components in a single manifold:

- A dual-circuit accumulator charging valve,
- · A mechanically controlled dual-circuit service brake valve,
- · An electrically controlled parking brake valve,
- Two isolating valves for the braking circuits.

The incorporation of these functions in a compact unit reduces the risk of leaks and makes the overall size more compact.

Operation

During the accumulator charging phase, the built-in divider taps a constant flow from the valve supply flow and diverts it to the accumulators. When the accumulators reach maximum (cut-out) pressure, charging stops, and the entire supply flow is directed to output S (auxiliary circuit or tank return).

Each time the operator actuates the pedal, the pressure in the accumulator drops. When minimum (cut-in) pressure is reached in at least one accumulator, the valve recharges the accumulators to cut-out pressure, and so on.

The service brake valve is a mechanically-controlled, three-way, graduated release dual pressure reducing valve. It is used for the precision dosing of the output pressures (at F1 and F2) proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal, and therefore to the force applied to the pedal. This provides the feeling of braking. When the pedal is at rest ('up' position), the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are zero and the brake receptors are connected to the tank (F1 and F2 to T). When the pedal is depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) increase proportionally to the angular displacement of the pedal. When the pedal is fully depressed, the output pressures (at F1 and F2) are limited to the preset pressure of the valve irrespective of the supply pressure.

When a failure occurs in one of the braking circuits, the other circuit is immediately isolated by its safety valve. The circuit that remains operative can then be used as an emergency brake thanks to the energy stored in its accumulator. The parking brake valve has on/off solenoid control.

Emergency / Parking brake

Service

Service brake + inching

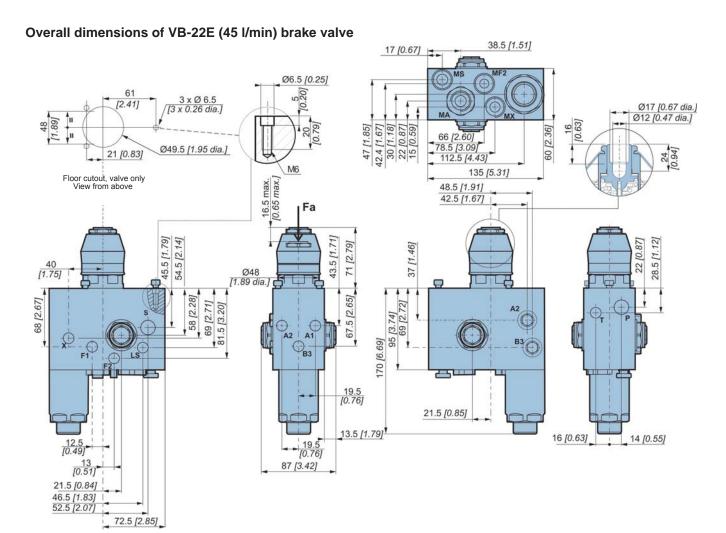
Steering assist brake

Accumulato

Full power

Installation

VB-22E (45 l/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS



Connections

	Max. pressure	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]	Loss of head (3) bar <i>[PSI]</i>
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M18 x 1.5	Input		
S	Cut-out pressure	WITO X 1.5	Auxiliary circuit	•	
Т	1 <i>[14,5]</i>		Tank	•	
F1 - F2	120 <i>[1 740] (2)</i>	•	Service braking	•	
Х		M14 x 1.5	Parking brake		
A1 - A2	Cut-out	W14 X 1.5	Service braking accumulator		
В3	pressure (1)		Parking brake connection	8 [17.6]	10 <i>[14</i> 5]
MA*		1/4 BSPP	Accumulator min. pressure switch	•	
MF2*		M10 x 1	Service brake pressure switch	•	
MX*		1/4 BSPP	Parking brake pressure switch		
LS*		M14 x 1.5	Load sensing		
MS*		M12 x 1.5	MS pressure switch	•	

⁽¹⁾ Or max. allowable pressure for the accumulator.

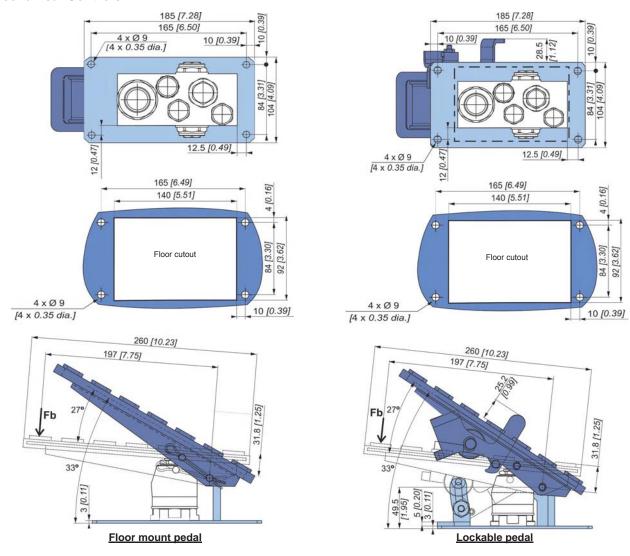
⁽²⁾ Higher pressure: contact us.

⁽³⁾ Loss of head (P to S) given at a flow rate (Q = 60 l/min, 16 GPM)

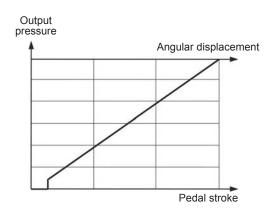
^{*}Option

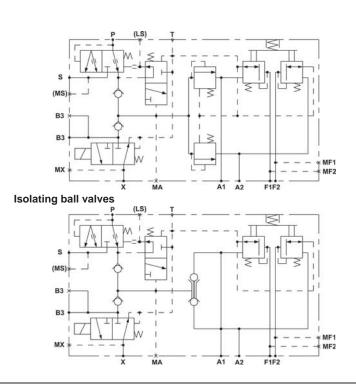
POCLAIN HYDRAULICS VB-22E (45 l/min)

Mechanical Controls



Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve





Parking

brake

Service brake + inching

Steering assist brake

Accumulator charging

Full power brake

Relay Valve

Options

Installation

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VB-22E (45 I/min) POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Estimated max. actuator force as a function of output pressure

Force on pedal (Fa)Force on pedal (Fb)

Fa (daN) $_{pprox}$ 0.5 x max. output pressure (bar) + 35

Fa (daN) ≈5 x Fa

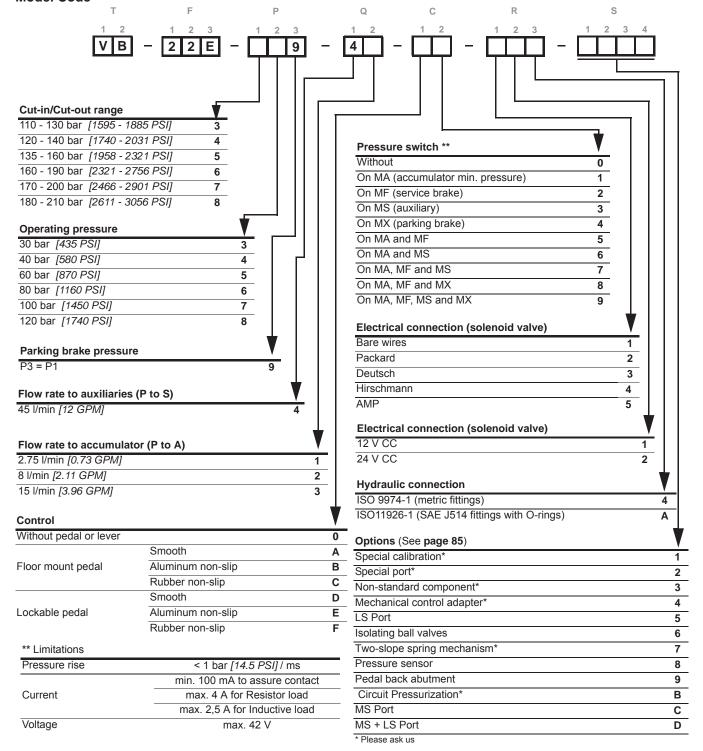


To obtain the forces in lbf, convert the final result.



For information concerning special operating conditions (environment, temperatures, etc.), please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Model Code



VS Relay Valve

VS

- 70 l/min [18.5 GPM]
- Simple and Dual circuit (Single VS valve per line)

Applications

VS Valve is designed for applications with long brake lines or very large brake cylinder volume, requiring high flow 70 l/min [18.5 GPM].

VS Valve is a 3-way valve with an external hydraulic control. It supplies and drains high volume brakes by connecting accumulator to service brakes on large machines.

Main use: braking systems.

Operation

VS valve is normally used with full power brake as "Relay Valve" and with parking brake as "Quick Return Valve".

VS as Relay Valve:

Control pressure (F1 & F2) is supplied to the VS valve proportionally to brake pedal angle on full power brake valve (VB-220). VS relay valve provides high flow directly from the accumulators (A1 & A2) to the brakes, proportional to the control pressure, i.e. directly proportional to the pedal position. The braking is progressive. As soon as brake pedal is released, VS transfers oil from brakes to the tank (T).

- External hydraulic pilot.
- Located between the accumulator(s) and the brake(s).
- Controlled and used with a modulating brake valve.

VS as Quick Return Valve:

The VS quick return valve transfers the flow coming from the brakes to the tank (T) proportional to the control pressure, i.e. directly proportional to the SAHR actuation. The braking is progressive.

- · Internal hydraulic pilot.
- Located between the Spring Applied Hydraulically Released (SAHR) brake(s) and the tank.
- Controlled by and used with VB-002.

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VS Relay Valve POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

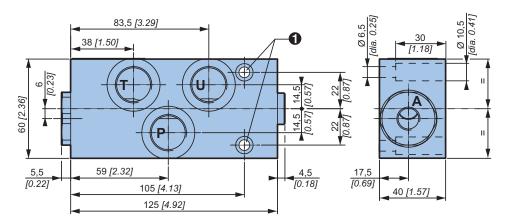
Commercial Description

VS-VALVE RELAIS 70 L/min V2

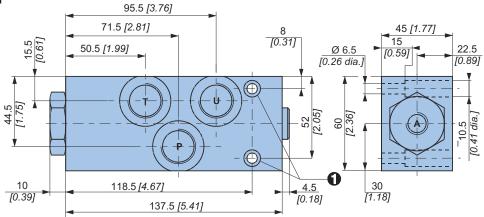
Control pressure (A) / Output (U) ratio	1:1	4:1	1:1,7
Part number	R00260000J R00260001K A16052X A290		A29073B
Compatibility	Braking circuits		

Overall dimensions of VS Relay valve

Ratio 1:1



Ratio 1:1,7 and 4:1



Installation

Chassis mounting

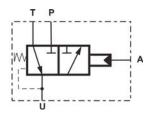
Ref.		Quantity	Class	N.m [lb.ft] ± 10 % (as per standard DIN 912)
1	M6	2	8.8	10 [7.4]

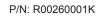
Connections

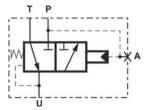
	Max. pressure bar <i>[PSI]</i>	Connection	Function	kg [lbs]
Р	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M22 x 1.5	Input	
U	210 <i>[3 046]</i>	M22 x 1.5	Output	2 <i>[4.4]</i> Ratio 1:1
Α	210 [3 046]	M14 x 1.5	Control pressure	2,5 [5.5] Ratio 1:1,7 Ratio 4:1
т	1 [14,5]	M22 x 1.5	Tank	

Hydraulic diagram and characteristic curve

P/N: R00260001J A16052X A29073B

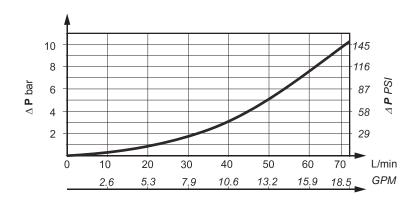




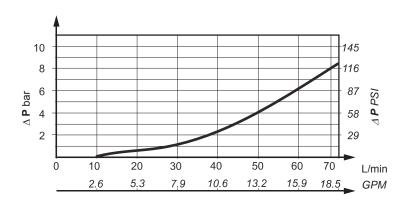


Pressure drop

Pressure drop $U \Rightarrow T$

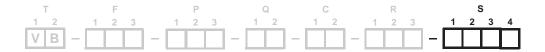


Pressure drop P ⇒ U



VS Relay Valve POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

OPTIONS



1 Special calibration

Pressure (braking, pressure switch, etc.) or specific flow rate.

Special port

Without changing the standard of the other ports.

Non-standard component

Installation of a non-standard component (potentiometric sensor, special pressure switch, etc.)

Mechanical control adapter



Please contact your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer for further information on Options 1 through 4.

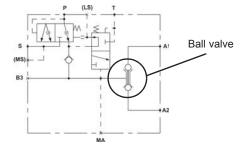
LS Port

The Load Sensing port (M14 x 1.5 or 9/16" - 18 UNF) is created on request on the standard valve body.

Isolating ball valves

In the event of failure of one of the braking circuits, this function acts in a similar way to isolating spool valves by keeping an energy reserve in the accumulator of the non-faulty circuit (limited reserve in the accumulator) and does not maintain pressure in the S line when a circuit has failed (if the steering is fed by the S port of the valve, choose spool valves).

Example of a VB-200 assembly:



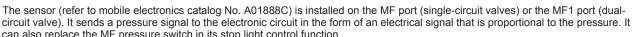
Output pressure

7 Two-slope spring mechanism

For certain applications, the braking sensation, the ergonomics of the pedal board, and the overall behavior of the braked vehicle require a special braking curve. The first part, with its gradual slope, provides gentle, progressive braking to slow the vehicle. The second part, with a steeper slope, provides a braking finish that is progressive but firmer, for emergency braking. According to the shape of the pedal, the user's impression can be similar to a master cylinder. Please ask us about the available pressures.

Pressure sensor

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can also replace the MF pressure switch in its stop light control function.

85

Angular

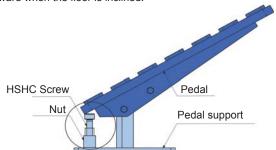
displacement

Pedal stroke

VB Brake Valves POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

9 Pedal back abutment

Prevents the pedal from tilting backward when the floor is inclined.



A Improved watertightness

There is a version of the spring mechanism with internal drainage via the brake tank return line for applications in harsh conditions (high humidity, exposed valve, etc.). It is mandatory for open-cabin applications.



Please use extreme care when washing the Brake Valve with a High-Pressure Cleaner. We recommend staying at least 40 cm away from the bonnet of the Brake Valve to avoid water infiltration in the valve.

- B Circuit Pressurization
- C MS Port

The MS port (12 x 1.5) is added on request to the standard valve body. It is normally used for the installation of the MS pressure switch.

D MS + LS Port

See Options 5 and C.

ENSW Orientation of the mechanical control with respect to the ports

E : Ports oriented to the right (East)

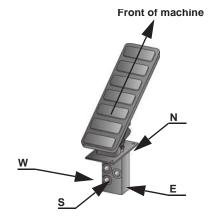
N: Ports oriented to the front (North)

S: Ports oriented to the back (South)

W : Ports oriented to the left (West).

The installation orientation is defined by the relative position of the valve ports with respect to the conventional direction of operation of a classic vehicle, assuming that the mechanical controls are oriented as follows when idle:

Pedal: Top of pedal towards the front of the vehicle Horizontal lever: Button towards the front of the vehicle Vertical lever: Ball towards the front of the vehicle.





Line back of the valve to top of pedal



M Horizontal valve/pedal position
Line back of the valve to top of pedal



INSTALLATION

Warnings

Before Installation



Take all necessary safety precautions (people and machines) and comply with safety regulations in effect.



Confirm that mobile equipment is immobilized.



Confirm that the hydraulic system's energy generator (motor) is stopped and electrical power is disconnected.



Lay out a safety perimeter.



Do not perform work on a hydraulic system that is hot or under pressure (discharge the accumulators).



Oil that is hot or under pressure can cause serious burns and infection. Consult a physician in case of accident.



Never heat hydraulic fluid which can ignite at high temperature. Some solvents are also inflammable.



Do not smoke while working on the system.



The valves are intended to operate in closed cabins. For applications in harsh conditions (severe weather, marine environment, etc.), please consult your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.



The immediate vicinity of the machine should be declared a security zone. Observe all regulations regarding personnel safety.

VB Brake Valves POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

General Information

Component Identification



A: Model Code:

e.g., VB-220-580-00-C4-504-0000

B: Poclain Hydraulics Catalog Number

e.g., R04943301D

C: Customer Catalog Number

(on request)

D: Serial Number WW/YY

WW : Week of manufacture YY : Year of manufacture

This number is supplemented by a serial number that is marked by cold heading on the valve body.

Delivery

Valves are delivered in individual bags.



Painted black.



With protected openings (Plastic/metallic plugs or plates with joints for the flanges, sealing them).

Storage

The valves are supplied in bags. If they are to be stored, leave them in the bags. If this is not possible, the valves should be kept in a dry location and protected from dust.

Storage Interval

Depending on the interval and storage conditions, it is necessary to protect the internal components of the hydraulic parts. These operations must be performed before storing components or before stopping use of the machine.

	Storage interval (months)				
Climate	3	6	12	18	
Temperate	Α	В	С	С	
Tropical	В	С	D	D	
·	С	D	D	D	

Legend

- A No specific precaution; only check the proper mounting of the plugs and covers.
- B Fill up with hydraulic fluid
- C Rinse with storage fluid
- D Fill up with storage fluid.



Storage areas must not be open (without a roof). The valves must not be laid on the ground.

Paint

- Use paints compatible with the existing base coat.
- The Poclain Hydraulics components (like any mechanical component) can rust. They must be effectively and regularly protected according to the environment where they are used. During installation, any trace of rust must be eliminated before painting the machine. Primer Specifications

Number	Color	Brilliance	Saline mist	Adhesion	Hardness
		ISO 2813	ISO 9227	ISO 2409	ASTM D3363
RAL 9005	Black	40%	> 400 h	0	HB



These specifications vary with the supplier, but meet these minima. For more information, consult your Poclain Hydraulic's application engineer.

Circuits

Checking Connections



Piping and Connections

The different components of the hydraulic circuit (tank, pumps, distributors, filters, sinks, etc.) are connected together by rigid piping or flexible hoses.

Suggested connection:







Comply with the connection directions given by the manufacturers for each part: function and marking of the ports, types of connections, diameters, types of lines (flexible or rigid), etc.

Rigid Tubes

For high-pressure pipes, only use unwelded cold-drawn steel pipes.

Take the following precautions for making up the tubes:

- · After cutting to length, cold bending and crimping, the tubes must be carefully deburred, rinsed with oil and blown before connection.
- After welding or bending, the tubes must be etched (solution based on sulfuric acid) then rinsed with oil and neutralized (solution based on sodium hydroxide).
 - The connections, threaded plugs, etc. must be deburred and cleaned before assembly.
 - · If assembly is not done immediately, seal the ports with plugs.



Flexible Tubes

Only use flexible tubes with crimped ends.

Avoid contacts likely to break down the flexible tubes.

As needed protect them with armor.



Observe the minimum radius of curvature.









The tube's interior diameter must be greater than or equal to the diameter of the connection openings of the components.

Connection





Check the compatibility of the types of connections between the tubes and the motor's ports. If they are not compatible, use adapter fittings.







Ensure that the class of fitting is suitable for the operating pressure.

VB Brake Valves POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Bleed

To bleed your braking system, refer to the brake manufacturer's recommendations.



Rinse the brakes pilot circuit before connection.

Oils

Fluid Selection



General Recommendations

Poclain Hydraulics recommends the use of hydraulic fluids defined by the ISO 12922 and ISO 6743-4 standards. For temperate climates, the following types are recommended.

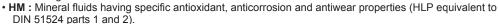
- HM 46 or HM 48 for fixed installations.
- HV 46 or HV 68 for mobile installations.
- HEES 46 for mobile installations.

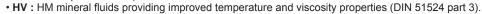
These specifications correspond to category 91H of the CETOP standard, parts 1, 2 and 3 of the DIN 51524 standard, and grades VG32, VG 46 and VG68 of the ISO 6743-4 standards.



It is also possible to use ATF, HD, HFB, HFC or HFD type hydraulic fluid upon Poclain Hydraulics specific approval of the components' operating conditions.

Standardized designations for the fluids





• HEES :Biodegradable fluids based on organic esters.



Class 32 (ISO VG 32): Viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C. Class 46 (ISO VG 46): Viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C. Class 68 (ISO VG 68): Viscosity of 68 cSt at 40°C.



Viscosity must always be between 9 and 500 cSt. If not, check the appropriateness of the cooling circuit, the design, or the grade of oil.

For all applications outside these limits, please consult your Poclain Hydraulics Application Engineer.

Extract of the NF ISO 11 158 Standard

Tests	Test Methods or Standards Viscosity Grade						Units
	Standards	22	32	46	68	100	
Kinematic viscosity at 40°	ISO 3104	19.8 24.2	28.8 to 35.2	41.4 50.6	61.2 to 74.8	90 110	mm²/s
Minimum viscosity index (a)	ISO 2909	-	-	-	-	-	1
Acidity index, maximum (b)	ISO 6618	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	mg KOH / g
Water content, maximum	ASTM D 1744 DIN 51777-1 DIN 51777-2 (d)	500	500	500	500	500	mg / kg
Flash point Cleveland in open-cup, min.	ISO 2592	140	160	180	180	180	°C
Foaming at 24°C, max. 93°C, max.	ISO 6247	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	ml
Deaeration at 50°C, maximum	ISO 9120	5	5	10	13	21	min
Copper blade corrosion at 100°C, 3 h maximum	ISO 2160	2	2	2	2	2	Grading
Anti-rust power, method A	ISO 7120	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	
Anti-wear property, FZG A/8, 3/90, minimum	DIN 51354-2	(e)	10	10	10	10	Deterioration Level
Flow point, maximum	ISO 3016	-18	-15	-12	-12	-12	°C
Aptitude to separate from water: Time needed to obtain 3 ml of emulsion at 54°C, max.	ISO 6614	30	30	30	30		min

Tests	Test Methods or Standards	\/innanity. One de					
		22	32	46	68	100	
Kinematic viscosity at 40°	ISO 3104	19.8 24.2	28.8 to 35.2	41.4 50.6	61.2 to 74.8	90 110	mm²/s
Minimum viscosity index (a)	ISO 2909	130	130	130	130	130	1
Acidity index, maximum (b)	ISO 6618	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	mg KOH / g
Water content, maximum	ASTM D 1744 DIN 51777-1 DIN 51777-2 (d)	500	500	500	500	500	mg / kg
Flash point Cleveland in open-cup, min.	ISO 2592	140	160	180	180	180	°C
Foaming at 24°C, max. 93°C, max.	ISO 6247	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	ml
Deaeration at 50°C, maximum	ISO 9120	7	7	12	12	20	
Copper blade corrosion at 100°C, 3 h maximum	ISO 2160	2	2	2	2	2	Grading
Anti-rust power, method A	ISO 7120	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	
Anti-wear property, FZG A/8, 3/90, minimum	DIN 51354-2	(e)	10	10	10	10	Deterioration Level
Flow point, maximum	ISO 3016	-42	-36	-36	-30	-21	°C
Aptitude to separate from water: Time needed to obtain 3 ml of emulsion at 54°C, max.	ISO 6614	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	

+ inching

Steering

charging

Full power

Valve Relay

Installation

⁽a) These limits should only be taken into consideration for fluids made from hydrocracked or hydro-isomerized mineral oils.
(b) Both base fluids and additives contrubute to the initial acidity index.
(c) The behavior criteria or the values of properties must be the subject of negotiation between the supplier and the end user.
(d) The DIN 51777-2 standard applies in cases where interference caused by certain chemical compounds must be avoided. Free bases, oxidizing or reducing agents, mercaptans, some nitrogenous products or other products that react with iodine interfere.
(e) Not applicable to ISO 22 viscosity grade.

VB Brake Valves **POCLAIN HYDRAULICS**

Extract of the ISO 15 380 Standard

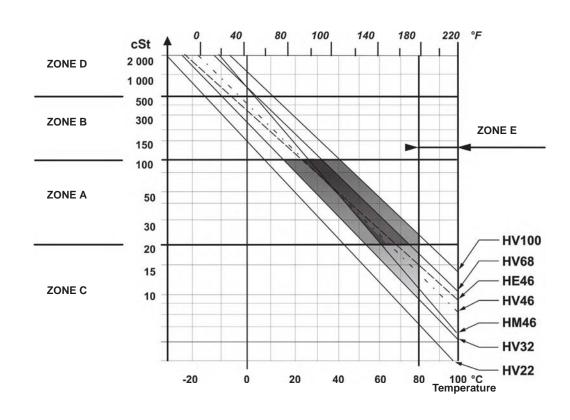
	Test Methods or					
Tests	Standards		Viscosity	y Grade		Units
		22	32	46	68	
Kinematic viscosity at 40°	ISO 3104	19.8 24.2	28.8 to 35.2	41.4 50.6	61.2 to 74.8	mm² / s
Minimum viscosity index (a)	ISO 2909	-	-	-	-	
Acidity index, maximum (b)	ISO 6618	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	mg KOH / g
Water content, maximum	ASTM D 1744 DIN 51777-1 DIN 51777-2 (d)	1000	1000	1000	1000	mg / kg
Flash point Cleveland in open-cup, min.	ISO 2592	165	175	185	195	°C
Foaming at 24°C, max. 93°C, max.	ISO 6247	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	ml
Deaeration at 50°C, maximum	ISO 9120	7	7	10	10	min
Copper blade corrosion at 100°C, 3 h maximum	ISO 2160	2	2	2	2	Grading
Anti-rust power, method A	ISO 7120	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	_
Anti-wear property, FZG A/8, 3/90, minimum	DIN 51354-2	(e)	10	10	10	Deterioration Level
Flow point, maximum	ISO 3016	-21	-18	-15	-12	°C
Aptitude to separate from water: Time needed to obtain 3 ml of emulsion at 54°C, max.	ISO 6614	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	min

	T					
Tests	Test Methods or Standards			Units		
		22	32	46	68	
Kinematic viscosity at 40°	ISO 3104	19.8 24.2	28.8 to 35.2	41.4 50.6	61.2 to 74.8	mm²/s
Minimum viscosity index (a)	ISO 2909	-		-	-	1
Acidity index, maximum (b)	ISO 6618	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	mg KOH / g
Water content, maximum	ASTM D 1744 DIN 51777-1 DIN 51777-2 (d)	1000	1000	1000	1000	mg / kg
Flash point Cleveland in open-cup, min.	ISO 2592	165	175	185	195	°C
Foaming at 24°C, max. 93°C, max.	ISO 6247	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	150/0 75/0	ml
Deaeration at 50°C, maximum	ISO 9120	7	7	10	10	min
Copper blade corrosion at 100°C, 3 h maximum	ISO 2160	2	2	2	2	Grading
Anti-rust power, method A	ISO 7120	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	
Anti-wear property, FZG A/8, 3/90, minimum	DIN 51354-2	(e)	10	10	10	Deterioration Level
Flow point, maximum	ISO 3016	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	°C
Aptitude to separate from water: Time needed to obtain 3 ml of emulsion at 54°C, max.	ISO 6614	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	min

Temperature and Viscosity

The best performance is obtained by having the system operate in the regimes shaded gray.

 ⁽a) These limits should only be taken into consideration for fluids made from hydrocracked or hydro-isomerized mineral oils.
 (b) Both base fluids and additives contrubute to the initial acidity index.
 (c) The behavior criteria or the values of properties must be the subject of negotiation between the supplier and the end user.
 (d) The DIN 51777-2 standard applies in cases where interference caused by certain chemical compounds must be avoided. Free bases, oxidizing or reducing agents, mercaptans, some nitrogenous products or other products that react with iodine interfere.
 (e) Not applicable to ISO 22 viscosity grade.



Zone A	Zone of maximum efficiency.
	In this zone, temperature variations have a weak effect on the response time, efficiency and life expectancy of
	the components.
	Poclain Hydraulics components can operate at all speeds, pressures and powers specified in their technical documentation.
Zone B	High speeds can lead to vibrations and drops in mechanical efficiency. The booster pump can cavitate if the intake conditions are too tight but without risk for the system as long as the pump remains boosted. The Poclain Hydraulics components can operate at the pressures specified in their documentation but it is not advisable to use the pumps at full displacement. In a translation circuit, a rapid rise in the pump speed from zone B is allowed, but ordering the translation when the temperature has reached zone A is recommended.
Zone C	The efficiency is less and the use of effective antiwear additives is required. The Poclain hydraulics components can temporarily operate at a power under 20 to 50% of that stated in the technical documentation, or during 20% of the operating time at the stated power.
Zone D	The stated restrictions for zone B likewise apply to zone D. Further, the pumps must startup at low speed and no displacement. They must not be used in their normal operating conditions as long as the booster pressure has not stabilized and the hydraulic fluid temperature in the reservoir has not come up to zone B.
Zone E	The efficiency is reduced and the risk of wear on the pump and hydraulic fluid is increased. The system can operate in zone E at low-pressure and during short periods. The temperature of the hydraulic fluid in the power circuit must not be more than 10°C above the temperature of the hydraulic fluid in the reservoir, and must not be more than 20°C warmer than the hydraulic fluid in the components' cases.

VB Brake Valves POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Water Content

The ISO 12922 standard calls for a water content \leq 0.05%.

Poclain Hydraulics components tolerate up to 0.1%.

Checking Water Content



Visual Inspection

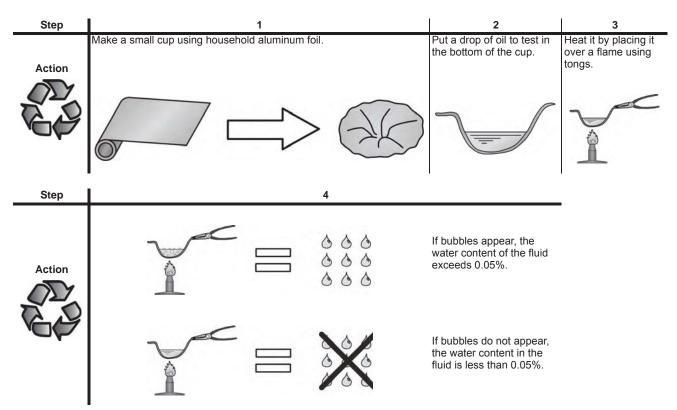
• The oil appears cloudy once it has a water concentration greater than or equal to 1%.

We suggest two possible verification methods:

1- Quick Elementary Check



• The "crackle test."



2- Laboratory analysis

To determine the exact water content of the fluid, we recommend a laboratory analysis.



Poclain Hydraulics performs laboratory analyses of water content in fluids. Contact us for further information.

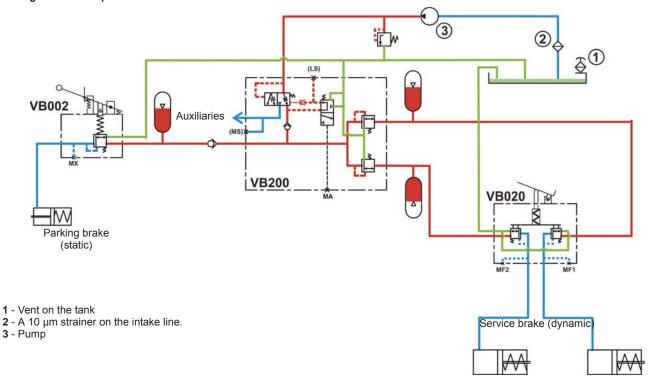
Decontamination and Filtration



The life of hydraulic components is lengthened when the contamination level is low.

The hydraulic fluid must be maintained at ISO standard 4406 -1999 decontamination level 18/16/13 (class 7 from NAS 1638) using a filter.

Braking circuit example:





Consult manufacturer's instructions for components (filters, pumps, valves, etc.).



The recommended intake filter size is four-time state of the booster pump.



New fluid is generally of lower quality than our requirements. Poclain Hydraulics asks its customers to fill or adjust the levels in the reservoirs in a clean environment using a pump and filter.

Return line

It is **ESSENTIAL** to connect the valve return line directly to the tank.



Any counterpressure on the return line can cause premature brake wear without any use of the pedal.

Accumulators

- $\hbox{-} Select \ accumulators \ whose \ maximum \ allowable \ pressure \ is \ compatible \ with \ the \ valve \ pressures.$
- Accumulator charging valve: any pressure on S (higher than the cut-out pressure) ends up in the accumulator(s) of the braking circuit.

Emergency / Parking brake

Service

Service brake + inching

Steering

Accumulato

Full power

Relay Valve

ptions

Installation

05/04/2016 95

VB Brake Valves POCLAIN HYDRAULICS

Mounting

The mounting is defined for each valve type, and depends on the type of mechanical control selected.



When the valve is installed, the pedal must not be obstructed during its stroke.



The valve bodies must never touch other components (min. clearance 5 mm [0.20 in]).

Recommended screw torques:

Screws and Bolts		Nominal Dimension	Quality Class		
			8,8	10,9	12,9
			N.m [lb.ft]	N.m [lb.ft]	N.m [lb.ft]
Threads		M6	10 [7]	14 [10]	17 [13]
	C HC	M8	24 [18]	35 [26]	41 [30]
		M10	49 [36]	69 [51]	83 [61]
		M12	86 [63]	120 [89]	145 [107]
Spaced		M14	135 [100]	190 <i>[140]</i>	230 [170]
pa		M16	210 <i>[155]</i>	295 [218]	355 [262]
Normal S		M18	290 [214]	405 [299]	485 [358]
		M20	410 [303]	580 <i>[4</i> 28]	690 <i>[509]</i>
		M22	550 [406]	780 [576]	930 [686]
		M24	710 [524]	1000 [738]	1200 [886]

Connection

Connectors	Nominal Dimension	Tightening Torque	
			
		N.m [lb.ft]	
	M10 x 1	45 [33]	
	M12 x 1	45 [33]	
	M12 x 1.5	45 [33]	
	M14 x 1.5	45 [33]	
	M16 x 1.5	60 <i>[44]</i>	
	M18 x 1.5	70 [52]	
	M22 x 1.5	100 [74]	
	M27 x 2	200 [148]	
	Ø 13	30 [22]	
	Ø 17	55 [41]	
	Ø 21 (BP)	100 [74]	
	Ø 21 (HP)	160 [118]	
	Ø 27	200 [148]	
	1"1/16 - 12 UNF	170 [125]	
	3/4" - 16 UNF	70 [52]	
	9/16" - 18 UNF	35 [26]	
	7/8" - 14 UNF	100 [74]	

(BP) : Low Pressure (HP) : High Pressure



ASK FOR TECHNICAL SUPPORT SEND YOUR BRAKING CIRCUIT REQUEST BY FAX

Compa	ny information				
	Company name				
A1	Contact / Title				
A2	Address				
AZ					
Comm	Phone				
Commo	ercial Information				
B1	Type of machineName / Model				
B2	Estimated annual production				
В3	Estimated prototype date/ Estimated date of production/				
B4	Type of business New application Replacement: current supplier				
Vohicle	Product P / N				
vernoie					
C1	Countries of use				
	Braking standards and regulations				
C2	Maximum speed (Km/h or <i>mph</i>)				
C3	Empty weight front (Kg or <i>lbs</i>)				
	Max. weight front (Kg or <i>lbs</i>)				
Hydrau Please a	Ilic brake circuit specification ttach your hydraulic circuit diagram of the braking system and all drawings available and useful to the installation.				
D1	Service brake Single circuit Max. service brake pressure (bar or <i>psi</i>)				
D1	☐ Dual circuit Pressure ratio between front and rear axle ☐ 1 ☐ 0.64 ☐ 0.44 ☐ On-Off valve				
D2	Parking brake				
D3	Accumulator Charging Valves (ACV) No Yes Cut-in / Cut-out pressure (bar or psi)				
	Load sensing port required on ACV				
D4	Pump flow (L/min or gpm) Low idle				
D5	Pump displacement (cm³ or in³)				
D6	Available pressure from pump or pump pressure relief valve (bar or <i>psi</i>)				
D7	Other components supplied by the same pump Required auxiliary flow (L/min or <i>gpm</i>)				
D8	Accumulator calculation requested				
D9	Total service brake actuation volume requirements per braked axle (cm³ or in³) Rear axle The results of the service brake actuation volume requirements per braked axle (cm³ or in³) Rear axle				
Remark	ks				

Send by fax: +386 4 51 92 234 E-mail: info-slovenia@poclain-hydraulics.com



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